

# CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 18

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JUNE 2nd, 1932

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

The Finest Selection of PANSIES ever shown in Crossfield, in baskets at.....25c

Big Blooming Geraniums, fine for window Boxes or inside, each 50c

## Bedding Annuals

PETUNIAS	SNAP DRAGONS
DOUBLE DAISIES	EVERLASTINGS
VERBENAS	LOBELIA
LARKSPUR	STOCKS
PHLOX	MARIGOLDS
ASTERS	TAGGETTI

All 25c Dozen

SCOTCH KALE	CAULIFLOWER
	25c per dozen
CABBAGE	BRUSSELS SPROUTS
	20c per dozen

3-year-old RHUBARB ROOTS, each 20c

Wm. Laut

## Our Regular Inspection Service Keeps Cars Going !

It's an automobile's job to take you places—and its our job to keep your automobile in condition to go when you want to go.

We're thoroughly equipped to give you that kind of service. Drive in for regular inspections.

In a road emergency, call on us—mechanics who know their job will come quickly.

All Grades of Autolene Motor and Tractor Oils

## CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Phone 4

Crossfield, Alberta.

## FENCE POSTS

We have just unloaded a car of exceptional good fence posts at a very reasonable price. Don't wait till they are all gone, but fix that fence NOW.

Blacksmith Coal, Galt Stove Coal and Dry Wood Always in Stock

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

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W.R.L.A.

## John Deere Plow Co.

Now guaranteeing a Wheat price of 77c per bushel.

on New Farm Implements. This means a saving on your implements needs of 15 per cent.

Call and let us explain this plan in detail.

W. K. Gibson

John Deere Agent

TELEPHONE 68

A Wonderful buy in hay and pasture Land near Crossfield and only \$10.50 per acre.

HAIL ! HAIL !

The season is almost here. For full particulars regarding the NEW HAIL Insurance DETESTABLE Policy, come in and talk it over.

A. W. GORDON  
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance  
Crossfield, Alberta.

## Municipal Economy

The following is taken from the address given by the President of the Saskatchewan Association of Rural Municipalities at their recent convention held in Moose Jaw.

"In August last I had the privilege of attending the annual meeting of the Associated Committee of Rural Municipal Secretary-Treasurers held in the City of Regina, and I was much impressed with the particularly intelligent discussion of municipal affairs which took place on that occasion. I was particularly interested to note that the major portion of the two-day meeting was devoted to strictly municipal problems, as they affected the welfare of the municipalities and the ratepayers and that the Secretary-Treasurers were not, as some might suspect, devising ways and means of securing protection for their own position, as is often the case in gatherings of this nature. During the past few years our councils have of necessity given considerable thought to measures of economy and how they might best be effected. The ratepayers have also brought pressure to bear for the curtailment of every possible unnecessary expenditure, and in some instances their zeal in this regard has exceeded the bounds of good judgment and sound thinking. Many ratepayers who are not familiar with the duties and responsibilities of the office of the secretary-treasurer, are obsessed with the idea that the financial difficulties of the municipality can be largely overcome by reducing the salary of the secretary-treasurer. I am well aware that in times like these everyone must make their contribution to the cause if we are to emerge from our present situation, but I doubt the necessity or wisdom of slashing the salary of an efficient and painstaking secretary-treasurer to a point not commensurate with the duties involved and the responsibilities attached. Only those who are intimately acquainted with the workings of a rural municipal office are capable of realizing the burden which rests on the shoulders of the secretary-treasurer, and particularly so at this time with a large amount of arrears of taxes and relief advances which require careful and constant attention if the interests of the municipality and the Province are to be safeguarded."

## Gone But Not Forgotten

A sausage maker who blew into town from Vancouver and located in the Ure building, blew out again on last Friday night, and we understand forgot to pay several local accounts around town.

We pointed out some two weeks ago that all business taxes should be collected in advance. If business men are foolish enough to let strangers come in here and run accounts, they should be stuck.

This town has been an easy mark for these floaters who come here with nothing but a line of bull and are a poor addition to any town. Make the business tax payable in advance anyway so the Village won't get stung.

Any person coming into this town to go into business and can not pay his business tax and rent in advance, is only looking for a soft place to light, and should be about as welcome as a case of the flu.

Crossfield will be represented at the 1932 commencement exercises in Milwaukee, Wis., with Harold K. McFadyen included among those who are candidates for degrees.

Mr. McFadyen is a senior in the Marquette college of business administration. He captained the Marquette hockey this last season and is a brother of Donald McFadyen, former Marquette puck captain who has played with the Chicago Shamrocks for the last two years.

Mrs. T. J. Elliott of Galahad, Alberta and her son Reid visited friends and old acquaintance in town Saturday, while on their way home from Calgary. For several years Mr. Elliott operated the store now occupied by Mr. Halliday.

The new sidewalk running west of Mrs. Christianson's to the Stevens corner has been put down. Culver Calhoun, Sam Collins and Jas. Belshaw did the work.

The new Ford has every control but birth control.

## Thirty Years Ago

Starting the middle of May 1902, the province was swept by a terrific snow storm which was followed by days of drenching rain. Trains on the Calgary and Edmonton line did not run for nearly a week. Cattle were driven ahead of the storm into ravines and fences and hundreds of animals perished. All along the C. and E. Railway fence, carcasses were piled in places three deep.

The first train to leave Calgary for the north was at 2 p. m. May 28. Five trains pulled out in line headed by a work train and crew then three freight trains and a passenger train. The work train would move slowly along until it came to a washout and then all had to stop until it was repaired. About one-third of the track was under water between Calgary and Crossfield. Most places one of the crew walked ahead to see if the rails were there. At Airdrie the side track, which is on the west side of the main line was washed loose and carried in a twisted mass over the main track to the east side.

After thirteen hours of this kind of travelling we arrived at what is now Crossfield. At that time it consisted of a short platform, a box car without wheels for a station and a small one room shack about 10x12, shanty roof, situated where the tie-post is now in front of Wm. Laut's store, and was owned by Jas. Sutherland now living in Drumheller. George Spragg lived with him and the shack also served as post office, hardware store and lumber yard office. The stock was limited in all lines.

A stream of water 8 feet wide and about 5 feet deep was running along the track under the platform and the ground where the stock yards are now situated was all covered by the big slough south of town. A few years later this slough was drained at the south west point but until then it was not unusual to see all the rails south of town under water.

## Things to Remember

Grain Dance in East Community Hall on Friday 3. Music by the Melody Boys.

The Ladies Aid Tea and Pantry Sale on Saturday, June 11.

Sports Day and Dance at New Cremona on Wednesday, June 8.

That the five cent bonus on wheat expires on June 15.

The Horseshoe Tournament in Crossfield on Saturday, June 4.

Crossfield's Big Sports Day and Celebration on July 1st.

Crossfield and District School Fair will be held on Sept. 8.

You can get the correct grade and good satisfaction on cream sent to the Carstairs Creamery.

You can get boots and shoes at the U. F. A. store for less money than from mail order houses.

East Community and Hawksby Softball teams will do battle on the grounds of the former on Sunday, June 5 at 3 o'clock.

The Crossfield Baseball team will play at Maden on Sunday, June 5th at 2.30.

R. M. McCool, M.L.A. addressed the students of Grades VI to XII at the school on Friday. The topic of his address was "How Parliament Does Business." He mentioned especially the passing of bills in the legislature, and also explained the extent of parliamentary authority as regard to "orders-in-council."

The talk was very instructive and was greatly appreciated and enjoyed by all present.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Buddy were visitors in Calgary on Friday. Frank spent the afternoon at the races.

## A New Idea for Wall Decorations

ALABASTINE Opaline Effects are the latest idea in wall decorations. They give a colorful, harmonious flecked effect that resembles the texture of your furnishings as well as the colors. There is an infinite variety of color combinations, and the cost is much less than paper or paint.

Write for our Booklets, "Alabastine Opaline Effects," and "Alabastine Color Plan Book."

CHURCH'S COLORED WATER  
**Alabastine**  
The Alabastine Company,  
Paris, Limited  
Paris, Ontario. Winnipeg, Manitoba.



FOR SALE BY

## Crossfield District Co-Operative Association U. F. A. Limited

## GOODRICH

## GUARANTEED TIRES and TUBES

30x3 1-2 Signal	\$4.20
4.40-21 (29x4.40) Commander	5.80
4.50-21 (30x4.50)	6.25

## The Service Garage

W. J. Wood Phone 11  
Tires Accessories Repairs

## THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield Phone 54 Alberta.

## Listen ! Mr. Farmer

The Massey-Harris Cream Separator is the closest skimming, easiest turning separator on the market. New Low Prices :

10 per cent off list price and can be purchased on easy payment-plan and an extra 10 percent off for all cash.

Real Snap in Tractors and Plows

A Real Bargain on a One-way Disc

Remember all Massey-Harris Machinery has been Reduced 10 percent.

J. M. WILLIAMS

Massey-Harris Agent

Acetylene Welding  
General Blacksmith

Airdrie 33

Phones: Calgary M 1010

## Crossfield Transfer

Daily Service from Crossfield to Calgary

ALL LOADS INSURED

FREIGHT, FURNITURE and LIVE STOCK

M. PATMORE Phone 62 CROSSFIELD

Goods may be left at Chronicle office for shipment to Calgary.

## The 40th Anniversary of "SALADA" TEA

For 40 years SALADA has given the finest quality in tea. Present prices are the lowest in 15 years.

### Cellophane.

Notwithstanding the present state of financial and economic uncertainty prevailing throughout the world, resulting, as it does, in huge business losses, unemployment, and much suffering, which, in turn, leads to general discouragement, the fact remains that the world continues to progress, and when we overcome our present difficulties and proceed to prefer by the lessons of this experience through which we are now passing, the world will be a better place than ever before.

The work of the scientists proceeds apace, important discoveries which will have a far-reaching effect throughout the years to come are being made, new inventions are developed, and brought to a high state of efficiency, — all of which will add to the sum total of human comfort, convenience and prosperity in future years.

Let us take just one example, and it is one in which Canada should be especially interested and from which it will unquestionably largely benefit. Canada enjoys vast forest wealth. It is one of the richest countries in the world in this respect. For many years the forests of Canada were looked upon as yielding wealth in only one form, namely, lumber. And even in this crude form billions of wealth were produced. Later, the value of our forests as a source of supply for the making of pulp, out of which paper is manufactured, came to be realized, and inasmuch as there are great rivers and waterfalls adjacent to many of our great forest areas, Canada in a few short years became one of the largest manufacturers of newsprint paper in the world, and is today the largest exporter of that everyday article of use.

Scientific men kept on working, and now the spruce trees of Canada not only supply us with lumber, and the countries of the world with paper, but from these same trees comes rayon silk, now manufactured in such quantities that silk hosiery, silk underwear, silk blouses, and many other articles of wearing apparel are worn by the masses of the people, instead of being a luxury only for the rich.

Nowadays when you buy a cigar you find it wrapped up in a little bundle all its own, in a smooth, glossy, transparent, but tough kind of material, which is both moisture and dust proof. Candies, cakes, razor blades, cosmetics, articles of clothing, fruits and spices, in a word, almost everything where it is vitally important that the article should be kept clean, fresh and sanitary, comes to you wrapped in this substance, called cellophane.

And what is cellophane, which has almost over night come into such general use? It is the old spruce tree in a new form. In fact, cellophane and rayon silk is one and the same thing, the only difference resulting from the methods of manufacture. The magazine of Canadian Industries Limited, manufacturers of both rayon and cellophane, explains, as follows:

"Basically, cellophane is the same as artificial silk differing from it only in the form it takes when it reaches the casting stage, where cellophane is cast in a sheet while the silk takes the shape of fine threads.

Not only is cellophane light in weight, sanitary in that it is dust proof and moisture proof, but because of its transparency it shows off the goods so wrapped, and thus becomes a sales agent. Tests have demonstrated that articles and products cellophane-wrapped command a much larger sale than the same articles when not so wrapped.

The use of cellophane is still in its infancy, but Canadian Industries Limited have such faith in it that they have just erected a million and a quarter dollar cellophane plant in the Province of Quebec. Women's hats are now made of braided, colored cellophane as one new use of the article, but what does the future hold? Will heavier, tougher grades ultimately replace glass in our windows? Will it be developed so that we can write on it with indelible inks and thus enable us to preserve records far beyond the life of ordinary paper? Who can tell, but without a doubt it will be used for many purposes at present unknown to us.

This does the world progress, even during times when seemingly things are slipping backward. There are always reasons for encouragement and confidence if we take the trouble to look for them. Cellophane is but an illustration, but in itself it means an entirely new industry, putting to more profitable use one of Canada's great natural resources.

### Wanted To Be a Lifeguard

So the Prince of Wales Sent a Real Uniform To London Boy

Peter Garvie, a little boy in a London hospital, who wanted to be a lifeguard, was told by a nurse, as he was having several stitches taken out of a wound, that "lifeguards don't cry."

"Perhaps if you won't cry the Prince of Wales will make you one of his lifeguards," she said. "The prince visited the hospital a few days later and the little fellow called out: 'I want to be a lifeguard.' The nurse told the prince how brave the boy had been.

Two days later, a little lifeguard's uniform, complete in every detail, was sent to Peter Garvie with a card: "From the Prince of Wales."

### Altar For St. Patrick

On a high hill within a mile of the spot where St. Patrick landed from Rome 1,500 years ago, Ireland is to erect a great, open-air altar. The altar will cost £50,000. The money is being raised among villages. The first sod was turned on St. Patrick's day during the celebrations of the 10th century.



### Sharp Pains In His Heart Nerves In Bad Condition

Mr. Fred J. Chase, Thomson Station, N.B., writes: "I have used Milburn's Heart Nerve Pills with wonderful results."

"My heart would beat so fast I would have to sit down when at work constantly in the wood. I had sharp pains in my heart when I would lie down at night."

"The nerves were also in a very bad condition, but after using two boxes of Milburn's Heart Nerve Pills I feel just fine, and am fourteen pounds heavier than I have been for years."

Price 50c a box

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

### Mountain Pilgrimage

Yearly Pilgrimage To Shrine Of St. Patrick On West Coast Of Ireland

Perhaps the most unusual of all pilgrimages is that made annually to the mountain-top shrine of St. Patrick on the high, bare, cone-shaped mountain which bears his name and which overlooks Clew Bay, county Mayo, on the west coast of Ireland.

Additional interest is lent to the pilgrimage this year because the ceremonies to be held on Sunday, July 31st, will celebrate in honor of the 1500th anniversary of the arrival of St. Patrick in Ireland.

The pilgrimage is made yearly by many Canadians and Americans, many in fact that the Cunard Line for several seasons has devoted a special sailing to this purpose, the ship calling at Galway, a short distance from Westport, the starting point for the grueling, rocky climb up the mountain, long known as Croagh Patrick, whose peak stands 2,510 feet above the level of the sea.

According to tradition it was from this mountain that St. Patrick drove the serpents from Ireland into the sea, never to return. The pilgrimage up the side of the holy mountain, where St. Patrick spent the forty days of Lent in penance, fasting and prayer, 1500 years ago, begins on Saturday evening, any time between six o'clock and midnight, lasting some two to three hours or less, while the older people take much longer, resting frequently during the journey. Torches are carried by many to light the way and guard against precipitous falls. Often the crowd breaks into a hymn to make the walking easier or to help them to forget the difficulty of trudging over the steep paths. For the climb up the last two hundred yards before reaching the summit the pilgrims remove their shoes and finish the journey barefooted. Many of the more religious make the entire climb without foot protection.

St. Patrick was seventy years old when he first climbed the mountain. Now many a pilgrim of the same age makes the journey, taking a keen pride in this initiation of a part of the rigid Lenten penance of the patron saint of Ireland. There is still a thrill for them in kneeling where St. Patrick knelt fifteen centuries ago.

An old thing about the pilgrimage is that rarely does any one turn back. Men and women using crutches finally reach the summit, taking five or more hours to make the ascent. Old folks go hand-in-hand, one helping the other. Girls with tender feet start the climb with old shoes to guard against the thousands of pieces of chipped stones, which cover hundreds of acres of the mountain side. These shoes are worn to shreds long before the summit is reached. Yet no one ever falls. Everybody goes on, just as if there was to be no returning back.

By six o'clock in the morning the half-acre summit of the mountain is crowded and so are the slopes, especially the protected side, where a chill wind is blowing. The masses begin at 6 a.m. and continue to be repeated until noon. As a rule about twenty priests celebrate the services in the oratory or little church, that tops the summit of the mountain, where as six thousand receive communion.

Although the climb up Croagh Patrick is considered the most strenuous pilgrimage in the world, it is generally agreed that the views from the top are so superb that the visitor, as well as the pilgrim, feels that the journey is well worth the effort. Wise mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

### Might Be Harder

The job of being wife to a genius is not all lavender, as when the re-joiner of a notable victim to a guinea young thing who gurgled: "It must be a wonderful to be the wife of a genius."

"Well," said the wife, "he's just as hard to get along with as any other damned fool!"

### Would Be Great Room

A French engineer and a French air line announce the development of a new and improved type of gasoline which, among its advantages, has the ability to remain non-inflammable at a temperature of about 100 degrees Fahrenheit.

A street car terminal, connected with the train level by an escalator, is to be constructed under the ground floor of the new central railway station in Milan, Italy.

The bulk of the world's shipments of canned crab meat are from Kamchatka.

## AS SLIM AS AT 20

Still Fit and Active at 55

"I have been taking the small dose of Kruschen Salts every morning for the last three years. I wouldn't be without them in the house. I used to suffer with constipation and piles, but an never troubled in any way now. I am 55 years of age, and as slim as when I was 20. I have to work very hard, as I have my family and an invalid father to attend to, and I always say it's the Kruschen that keeps me fit."—M. S. There's nothing like hard work and activity for keeping superfluous fat away. The trouble with most folks is finding the necessary energy. That is where Kruschen comes in.

After you have had your daily supply of Kruschen every morning for a couple of weeks you'll get what is known as the "Kruschen Feeling."

The urge for activity will fill your entire being—you'll not be content to lie in the old arm chair after your work is done. You'll feel the spirit of youth within you—that a joyous feeling—you'll want to take long walks, play games and do many things which used to be a hardship—it will become a pleasure.

### Service Is Swift

Efficient Operators In Charge Of London's Overseas Telephone Exchange

London's overseas telephone exchange, recently opened, is a veritable "Tower of Babel" in a modern setting, for here telephone conversations are routed for the United States, Latin America, India, Japan, South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, Europe and ships at sea all hours of the day or night. There are one hundred and fifty girl operators, speaking French, German, Spanish and Italian, in addition to their native tongue, as the calls come through the boards. The service is so swift that it is possible for one in London to speak, within an hour, with persons as far away as Honolulu, Cape Town, Sydney, Buenos Aires, New York or Tokyo.

### New Industry For Canada

Plant For Production Of Cellophane Operating In Quebec

Canadian materials and Canadian labor are employed in an industry new to Canada at the Canadian Industries cellophane plant which recently commenced production at Shawinigan Falls, Quebec.

Sulphite pulp from Canadian forests form the basic raw material for the manufacture of the transparent wrapping substance now being made for the first time in Canada. Hitherto all the cellophane used in the Dominion has been imported.

The new plant, built by Canadian workers through Canadian capital and enterprise, is the newest industry in Canada and the latest addition to the industrial life of this little manufacturing town.

### Arctic Islands Preserve

The area of wild life preserves set aside for the benefit of natives by the Department of the Interior, in the North West Territories, Canada, has been extended by taking in all islands under Canadian jurisdiction north of the Districts of Mackenzie and Keewatin, with the exception of a part of Baffin Island. This large area is now known as the Arctic Islands Preserve. It embraces a land area of 439,105 square miles.

Miller's Worm Powders are the medicine for children who are found suffering from the ravages of worms. They immediately alter the stomachic conditions under which the worms subsist and drive them from the system, and, at the same time, they are tonic in their effect upon the digestive organs, restoring them to healthful operation and ensuring immunity from further disorders from such a cause.

Caller—"Wouldn't you walk as far as the street car with me, Tommy?" Age Seven—"I can't."

"Why not?" "Cause we're going to have dinner as soon as you go."

Granular carbon made from coal gives to the telephone its voice. The granules change air pressure waves to electrical waves in the transmitter.

The sodium-vapor bulb produces the most efficient light known for commercial use.

## Skin Loveliness

Easy To Have. Famous Vegetable Pills Better Than Creams

Miss E. T. has proved it. She says: "Carter's Little Liver Pills will do more to keep the complexion clear than all the cosmetic preparations I have used." PURELY VEGETABLE, a gentle, effective tonic to both liver and bowels, Dr. Carter's Little Liver Pills are without equal for correcting Constipation, Acidity, Bilelessness, Headaches and Indigestion. Get a 25c. box, no postage, everywhere. Ask for Carter's by NAME.

W. N. U. 1944

### Empire Tribunal

For Settlement Of Disputes Between Member Units Of Empire

Call of reestablishment of a tribunal for settlement of justiciable and non-political disputes between member units of the British Commonwealth of Nations, was sounded by Prof. R. A. MacKay, of Dalhousie University, before the Canadian Political Science Association at Toronto.

Another speaker, Hon. N. W. Rowell, K.C., recognized authority on constitutional matters, took issue with an expressed view that establishment of such a permanent empire tribunal was blocked by lack of sufficient sovereignty by the Dominions.

Prof. MacKay contended that under technicalities of international law the Dominions could have separate sovereign entities as between themselves, though they might be conceded such a status as between one of them and a foreign country outside the Empire.

Under existing conditions, he said, Canada could have Germany before the Hague court of international justice to settle a dispute, but in a controversy with Ireland or Australia would have to depend on the "dubious authority" of the privy council, or, in seriously defined powers of an arbitral tribunal.

Mr. Rowell argued that various intra-Empire conferences and the statute of Westminster had demonstrated the power of the crown was divided and could be delegated to autonomous members of the British Commonwealth.

### Not Looking For War

Nations Of Empire Are No More Aggressive

William Hard, of New York, political correspondent for the National Broadcasting Company, returned from Italy on the "Roma." He was present at the disarmament conference in Geneva and said the present conference marks the high mark has been reached in armament and henceforth there will be reductions.

"There is no prospect of a war in Europe," he said. "Instead we find a remarkable situation, where every nation anticipates invasion, with no one ready to invade. Everywhere there are defenders but no aggressors; everywhere there is fear but no danger. When the European nations come to realize there is no danger, they will automatically disarm."

Mr. Hard found that the League of Nations is working strenuously for reductions in tariffs on the promise that when these barriers are removed, world trade will be restored.

"Europe is not a bottomless pit," Mr. Hard said. "She will come up and out I found great courage and confidence in France, England and Italy. It is a spirit too little known or exercised in the United States."

"As a matter of fact, the spirit of nationalism there has been replaced by that of internationalism. They have passed through the Hitlerite stage. Young movements are always radical and frequently erratic."

The Many-Purpose Oil—Both in the house and stable there are scores of uses for Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Use it for cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, the pains of rheumatism and sciatica, sore throat and chest. Horses are liable very largely to similar ailments and mishaps as afflict mankind, and are equally amenable to the healing properties of the old-fashioned oil, which has made thousands of firm friends during the past fifty years.

### Excuse Was Original

Farmer Speeded To Keep Pigs From Losing Weight

Warren Artz, Tiro farmer, was speeding to keep his pigs from losing weight, he told Traffic Judge Joseph F. Smith, at Cleveland, Ohio.

"If I hadn't reached Cleveland stockyards before they closed," he said, "I'd have had to wait until the next day and my pigs would shrink in weight overnight."

Now he's wondering if the shrinkage would have amounted to more than his \$5.00 fine.

### Band Park Set Aside In 1885

Band National Park in the province of Alberta is the oldest of the Dominion playgrounds, the original reservation having been set aside in 1885. It comprises an area of 2,585 square miles of territory. Reserved for the enjoyment of all who visit it, it is also a wild life sanctuary, evidence of which is manifest in the large number of mountain sheep, deer, and bear to be seen in the areas adjacent to the highways of the park.

Despite progress in attacking tuberculosis, this disease still ranks as the third cause of death among industrial wage earners of Canada and the United States.

Cultivation of begonia is traced back to 1777, when some of these plants were introduced into England from Jamaica.



### To Meet In Edinburgh

Sixteen Canadian University Women Will Attend Conference

Sixteen Canadian university women will journey to Edinburgh, Scotland, for the sixth triennial conference of the International Federation of University Women, to be held from July 27 to August 4, it was announced at headquarters of the Canadian Federation of University Women.

They are: Mrs. Douglas J. Thom, Regina, Sask., president of the Canadian Federation; Miss Lorne Scott, Toronto, convenor of the Canadian committee on international relations; Miss Helen F. McEwen, Miss W. G. Barnstead, Miss A. W. Patterson, Miss Gertrude Boyle, Miss Jessie Dykes and Miss Bertha Macdonald, all of Toronto; Miss Lois Rutledge, Miss Dorothy Tingley, Regina, Sask.; Miss M. Winnifred Kydd and Miss Hazel Murchison, Montreal; Miss M. L. Bolet, Vancouver; Dr. Donaldie Dickie, Niagara Falls, Ont.; and Miss Conover, Weston, Ont.

A suitable programme of addresses, group meetings and social engagements has been arranged. The meetings will be presided over by Professor Winnifred Gullis, head of the department of physiology at the London School of Medicine for Women, and president of the International Federation. Representatives of 36 national federations are expected to attend.

The International Federation comprises about 50,000 individual members and is pledged to promote international goodwill through study of national and international problems and advancing the opportunities of university women.

### Substitute For Human Voice

Instrument Invented By Man Left Speechless After Operation

Left speechless as the result of an operation some years ago, Dr. J. B. Bogart of New York, addressed the Annapolis Valley Medical Association through an instrument which provides a substitute for the human voice. He spoke for twenty minutes. The instrument is a curved tube-like appliance, one of which is held against the throat, the other held lightly in the mouth. A small tube leads to a box held in the hand. It is from the box that the sound issues, the tube through which he had invented it himself after his vocal cords had been removed in an operation for cancer. Dr. Bogart, who is a native of Nova Scotia, practises surgery in New York.

The Man With Asthma, almost longs for death to end his suffering. He sees ahead only years of endless torment with intervals of rest which are themselves fraught with never ceasing fear of renewed attacks. Let him turn to Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy and know what complete relief it can give. Let him use it faithfully and he will find his asthma a thing of the past.

Lady (to hotel acquaintance): A terrible thing has happened. I've had a lot of clothes stolen.

Acquaintance: "The Jove, yes! Nearly all of 'em, what?"

"There is a reason for optimism," declares a noted publicist. "It was the financial situation as a whole. The trouble is that most of us are viewing it without the 'w'."

Russia announces the successful production of rubber from a plant named "Iowagis."

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS

HEADACHE INDIGESTION BILIOUSNESS CONSTIPATION

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS

## Royal Society Of Canada Records Many Achievements In Fifty Years Of Existence

In the spacious new National Research Building at Ottawa, the Royal Society of Canada recently held its 50th anniversary meeting.

Founded upon similar lines to the Royal Society of London, the Canadian society in fifty years of existence has achieved much. As such organizations go, it is one of the oldest, and certainly one of the most distinguished in Canada. Through its parent society at London, it may claim to be the oldest society for the advancement of science in Britain, one of the oldest in Europe, for the Royal Society dates back to 1660, four years prior to the execution of Charles I.

The Marquis of Lorne, in 1882, when Governor-General of Canada, founded a Royal Society in Canada, and looking backward over fifty years, may well view with pride its record of achievement. The society was instrumental in founding the Dominion archives, the National Gallery, the National Museum, the ethnological survey, the geodetic and tidal surveys. And last, but not least, the society was in the forefront of the drive for the National Research Council which will shortly be housed in a fully equipped building at Ottawa—built with money voted in the last years of the King administration.

Briefly, the Royal Society is an association of the foremost chemists, mathematicians, geologists, biologists and other scientists as well as the leading literary men of the country. Its purpose is to stimulate scientific advancement, to encourage literary efforts, to give national recognition to those whose work merits it, to hear papers from its members and, when desirable, to publish them in permanent form. The Canadian Society numbers about 250 members.

The society is divided into five sections. There are French and English sections, concerned with history, literature, economics and so on. A third section covers the chemical, physical and mathematical sciences. A fourth deals with the geological sciences, and a fifth with the biological sciences. Membership runs to between 40 and 50 in each section. The first is limited to 40 members, the second to 50. The other three sections elect three new fellows each year in all—each year. The society elects executive officers, as do each of the five sections. The president this year is Sir Robert Falconer, retiring president of Toronto university. The secretary is Fred Burpee, secretary of the International Joint Commission; the treasurer, Dr. G. A. Young, of the Geological Survey. The society is supported by fees of members, but parliament votes a small grant each year to defray cost of publishing the meritorious papers.

The fellows of the royal society in the three prairie provinces are:

Judge L. A. Pugh, St. Boniface; President Walter Murray, of Saskatchewan University; Dr. E. H. Oliver, head of the United Church Theological College; Professor Frank Allen, of Manitoba University; J. W. Daffoe, editor-in-chief of the Free Press; Dr. R. J. Lang, of Alberta University; Professor R. K. McClung, of Manitoba University; Professor M. A. Parker, of Manitoba University; Professor J. W. Shipley, of Alberta University; Professor Stanley Smith, of Alberta University; Professor T. Thorvaldson, of Saskatchewan University; Professor N. R. Wilson, of Manitoba University; Professor J. A. Allan, of Alberta University; Professor Justin C. DeLury, of Manitoba University; Dr. R. C. Wallace, president of Alberta University; Professor William Boyd, of Manitoba University; Professor A. H. R. Buller, of Manitoba University; Professor A. T. Cameron, of Manitoba University; Professor Francis J. Lewis, of Alberta University; Professor Robert Newton, of Alberta University; and Professor W. P. Thompson, of Saskatchewan University.

### A Museum Of Sound

German Professor Collecting Records Of Voices Of Famous Persons

The modern world has been so busy enjoying the entertainment afforded by such scientific toys as the talkie and the gramophone, that it has perhaps not yet properly appreciated their value as records of the age. Now, however, a "museum of sound" is to be opened in Berlin.

For the past twenty years, the organizer of this museum, Professor Doegen, has been collecting records of the voices of famous personages of all countries. Great Britain's representatives include Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and Miss Pankhurst, while the former German Kaiser is among the royalty represented.

Much of Professor Doegen's material was collected during the War, when he visited the prison camps collecting records of foreign languages and dialects as he went.

### Winnipeg Newspaper Union



### IMAGINE ITS PRETTINESS AND CHIC IN A COOL LOOKING SILK COOL PRINT

Incidentally the raglan shoulders are very slender and a smart vogue.

The wrapped bodice is out for effect with its hip bow. And incidentally, it's a style most becoming to the youthful figure.

It's worth seeing fashioned! You'll be surprised! You'll have a stunning dress for a small outlay. A dress you will enjoy wearing for town or for the afternoon bridge or tea.

Style No. 417 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36 and 38 inches bust. Size 16 requires 5 1/2 yards of 36-inch material with 1 1/2 yards of 8-inch ribbon.

You could also carry it out in plain crepe silk in cadet or navy blue.

For summer, it is delightfully cool in a chiffon or a voile print.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin. (coin in pattern). Wrap coin carefully.

### How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

"That fellow is a thief! He stole my umbrella!"

"Why don't you have him arrested?"

"That's it! I can't. I stole it from the judge!"

Teacher: "Your little girl seems backward in her reading."

Father: "Backward, eh? I suppose she takes after her mother; she always reads the last chapter first."

### Gathering Data For Book On Dominion

Irish Author Amazed At Good Treatment Canada's Women Receive

"Canadian women are far too well treated by their men. They are pampered and spoiled. They would be better off if their husbands and sweethearts paid them less attention." This is the verdict of Lady Roma Terrington, a daughter of Erin with the genuine milk and roses complexion and auburn hair of the true daughter of Ireland, in the course of a tour across Canada gathering material for a book on the Dominion.

Daughter of the late Capt. William Shapland-Swiny, and a Fleet Street journalist for five years before leaving newspaper work for magazine and publisher assignments, Lady Terrington stated her opinions of Canadian women in no uncertain terms.

"It's amazing how well your men treat your women," she exclaimed with a smile. "Much too well, really. It's too bad for them."

"But they appreciate it, don't they?" "Not as much as they should. I have observed all too many instances since my arrival here where the woman takes for granted things her sisters in other countries would not pass over."

"How do Canadian women measure up with their sisters in other particulars?" "Well, they're better dressed, for one thing. Your business women, particularly. How well groomed their hands and feet are! It is the little things like that that count."

"The way you Canadians make friendships appeals to me so much," Lady Terrington continued. "It's made me love all I desire to go home. And in Canada you seem so eager to help each other. I may yet come to live here."

### Guide For Public Speakers

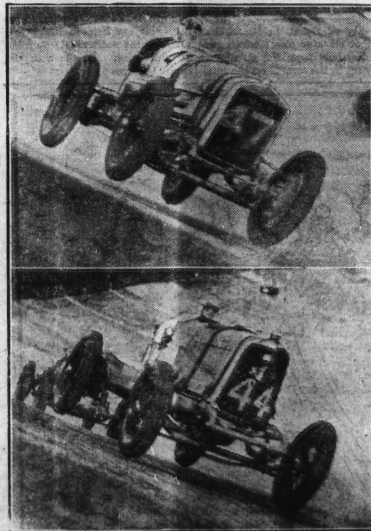
Variety Of Places Where Hands Can Be Parked

"I have checked up almost 57 varieties of places for a public speaker to park his hands," writes Dr. John F. Cowan. "In his pockets—trousers, coat vest; upper pockets, lower, rear, hooked in vest armholes; clasped across tummy, ditto back; wadding handkerchief, and unwadding; clenching lapels of coat; pounding desk; brushing hair, smooching (unsmooching) at flies; full-arm gesture, half-arm, finger; pointing at audience; twisting mustache; finger-tips together uplifted; fumbling paper; pulling down vest; snapping; and when not otherwise emphasizing the truth, saving imaginary wood in the air."

In a race between a horse and a locomotive, in 1830, something went wrong with the engine and while it struggled along the horse won the race.

In 1931 Canada exported 2,589,269 pounds of honey. The principal purchaser was the United Kingdom, with the Netherlands second and Germany third.

### THE WORLD'S FASTEST AUTOMOBILE RACE



Above are two snapshots of competitors speeding round the Brooklands (England) track during the British Empire Trophy race, the fastest long distance race on record. The top picture shows John Cobb, in his Delage, taking the banking on the last lap. He actually finished first, but was disqualified through driving infringements, and given second place. Below is G. E. T. Ryeon, in his Panhard, taking the banking with three wheels off the ground. Ryeon was given first place with the remarkable average speed for a distance of 100 miles of 120.354 miles per hour.

### Using Stainless Steel

Dome Of Church At Jerusalem To Have Five Circles

Beating swords into ploughshares has an apt application to Sheffield. With its great iron and steel works Sheffield during the war became one of the greatest arsenals ever organized in Britain. Now one of the great steel firms is constructing five girdles of stainless steel to encircle the dome of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre at Jerusalem.

From time to time during the last eight centuries the church has been shaken by earthquakes and there is a great possibility of its final collapse. In any building of the dome form here is always an inherent weakness at the base. When Christopher Wren built St. Paul's he thought he had overcome this difficulty by binding the base of the dome with chains of iron. The device served for 200 years but iron is not only perishable itself but destroys the surrounding stonework. Now the dome of St. Paul's has been encircled with a stainless-steel girdle of the materials in the days of the Stuarts knew nothing.

It is curious to recall the great invention of stainless steel following the war years was the outcome of earlier explorations by metallurgists to discover a steel for rifle barrels which would not corrode. True the links which Sheffield Munitions Works are now forging with the Holy Sepulchre have some curious associations.

### Are You Going Camping?

Valuable Information Contained In Booklet Prepared By Government

Are you going camping this summer? Are you going to enjoy the delights of the great outdoors; of forest and stream? If so, you will find a wealth of useful and valuable information which will contribute much toward thorough enjoyment of your visit with nature in Pamphlet 55 N.S. (free on request) "Methods of Protection from Mosquitoes, Blackflies, and Similar Insects in the Forest." This pamphlet has been prepared under the direction of the Dominion Entomologist for the special use of people whose vocation or avocation takes them to nature. It not only gives useful information about camp sites and protective devices and applications, but also contains useful hints as to proper clothing and effective ways of ridding the camp of ever-present pests.

German scientists have succeeded in drawing electric currents of more than 18,000,000 volts from clouds passing over their plant during a thunderstorm. The laboratory is located in the Swiss Mountains.

"Why," asked the school inspector, "should we celebrate George Washington's birthday now than we do mine?"

"Because he never told a lie, sir," answered one of the pupils.

## Fluctuations In Sun Spots Believed To Have Effect On Life And Economic Conditions

### Grain Via Churchill

Government Will Absorb Costs Of Handling At The Port

The view that the development of the port of Churchill must be orderly in order to avoid losses which might result from too-rapid development, and that responsibility for its future now rests upon the public, was expressed in a statement at Vancouver by E. B. Ramsay, chief commissioner of the Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada.

"In order to clarify the situation in regard to the export of grain via the Hudson Bay, some statement in regard to the development of this route and its establishment as one of the regular export channels for western Canadian grain may be put clearly before the public who are vitally interested in this new channel of trade," said Mr. Ramsay.

"In order that the Port of Churchill may develop under the most favorable auspices it is necessary that the general public should realize some of the practical difficulties encountered in bringing about this development. It is very desirable that the growth of a new port be orderly and of such a nature that individuals will not suffer speculative losses, which might be occasioned through too rapid development and to accomplish this the following conditions must be kept in mind.

"In the first place, the grain handling facilities provided to date are estimated to have a capacity for shipping during an ordinary season, as far as data is available, of some 28 million bushels. This volume implies continuous flow of grain. And the first essential in the port's development is to create this flow of grain, thereby establishing for the port an "experience" in both freight and insurance which will ultimately result in the development of a market at that port, that is to say, a point where a farmer's crop may be readily sold on a competitive basis with the Port William market, which would thus enable shippers located at a favorable rate point, obtaining the benefit in their market arrangements in any freight differential with former markets.

These benefits would accrue to the farmer in greater or lesser degree according to the premium or discount which may develop on that particular market in competition with other established markets in Canada. "It must be recognized for general shipping from the three prairie provinces that while the achievement, which has taken so long to accomplish, of opening a port at the Hudson Bay is now consummated, it has still to establish itself as a market for grain, and in this the face of the competition of both Vancouver and Port William. Even at that this market in its initial stages, can only be a competitive factor for a limited period of the grain shipping season, that is to say, during the period of open navigation at the port. In order, therefore, that no hardship may be incurred by individual shippers it must be recognized that the accumulation of old cargoes of grain of grades not suitable for export will in some measure require to be controlled. In order to meet those conditions the following arrangements have been made:

"The elevator at Churchill will be operated as a semi-public terminal elevator and the government has agreed to absorb all costs in the handling of all grain by the port. In addition to this the government will absorb in the terminals at Moose Jaw and Saskatoon the railway stop-over charge of one cent per hundred pounds of grain consigned to those elevators. This, coupled with the low storage rate of one-sixtieth of a cent will encourage the accumulation of stocks of grain to provide a reservoir for shipments via the Hudson Bay, Churchill will, so far as this season is concerned, be operated on the per-unit system for shipments in the same manner as the Pacific coast ports are. Inspection and weighing will be provided at Churchill during the period of open navigation.

"Arrangements have been made for the initial shipment of some two million bushels of grain, and it is the hope of those officials responsible that at least ten million bushels will find satisfactory outlet during this present season. These shipments, however, in the initial stages will probably be handled by commercial shippers.

A small silver teapot dated 1729 was sold in London recently for \$380.

That profound fluctuations in living conditions and life accompany fluctuation in sun spots is indicated by the study of these celestial phenomena carried on by the Dominion Observatory of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa.

Individual sun spots vary greatly in size. Some are as small as the earth, while others are five and six times as large. When it is recalled that the Sun is 885,000 miles in diameter, over 100 times the diameter of the Earth, a spot the size of the Earth appears as a trivial defect on the solar disc.

Since 1750 the European records of sun spots are so complete that to each month has been assigned a relative sunspot number giving due regard to numbers and sizes of spots and groups of spots. From the monthly numbers a yearly average results. These yearly numbers increase from a minimum up to a maximum and down to a minimum in from about 9 to 14 years with an average duration for a cycle of a little over 11 years. The extent of the maximum also varies from cycle to cycle. The cause of the cycle in sun spots is not definitely known as yet. In recent years the minima of sun spots occurred in 1901, 1913 and 1914, with maxima in 1906, 1917, and 1925.

This fluctuation in the sunspot numbers is ordinarily spoken of as the eleven year sunspot cycle. It is accompanied by fluctuations on the Earth in sunlight received, electromagnetic conditions, chemical compounds in the atmosphere, temperature, precipitation, cloudiness, and atmospheric transparency. These fluctuations in the physical elements which control living conditions are great enough in some regions to affect profoundly all forms of life, micro-organisms, insects, birds, animals, plants and even fish, and in consequence economic conditions.

Records kept in Manitoba since 1895 when examined in the light of the sunspot cycle show the relationship between the rise and fall in the number of sun spots and the maximum and minimum of grasshoppers, rusted and sharp-tailed grouse, and rabbits. Records from other sources show similar effects for fish and fur-bearing animals.

The annual growth-rings of trees which grow in northern Europe, in western United States, and in many regions in Canada all record the influence of the sunspot cycle in the past, in some cases even farther back than the records of sun spots extend. The eleven year cycle has been found in trees recently released by the retreating glacier in northern British Columbia, trees which grew perhaps many thousands of years ago.

Farm crops in Canada, the grains, hay and potatoes, show the average greater yields at the sunspot minimum than at the maximum in accord with the higher temperatures and greater precipitation occurring on the average at sunspot minimum. Cotton yield in the United States also exhibits the influence of the sunspot cycle. These fluctuations and those in other forms of life exert a great influence on economic conditions and it is consequently not surprising to find the eleven year cycle reflected in commodity prices, though at times the doings of man obscure the issue.

One of the first things a person should learn to do is to mind his own business, but it is a sad comment on our educational systems, on parental example and also on human nature that so few acquire this quality.

Optimist: "The best thing in the world is a good conscience."  
Pessimist: "And the next best thing is a good lawyer."

At Dijon, France, there is a crypt of the eleventh century.



Optimistic Fisherman (at aquarium): "May I have the fishing rights here for a year?"—De Notenkraak, Amsterdam.

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

To economize in League of Nations expenses a measure proposed by Great Britain has been sent to the supervisory committee.

A bill amending and consolidating the fisheries act was put through the committee stage and given third reading in the House of Commons. There was little discussion.

Millers of north and central Italy are now allowed to use 75 per cent of import grain, south Italy 95 per cent, while in Sardinia and Sicily restrictions have been entirely lifted.

To take possession of a fortune of about \$180,000,000, a white-haired Armenian woman, Marianne Djankian, 80, has gone to India with her two sons.

Hope that 1932 would prove historic in drawing together all citizens of the British Empire was expressed by J. H. Thomas, Dominions Secretary, in an Empire Day address.

Shanghai was completely isolated from the rest of the world as far as mail is concerned, when the indoor postal workers joined the outdoor workers in a strike.

Attempts to find the abandoned Hudson's Bay Company fur ship "Baychimo," and the salvaging of a rich fur cargo believed to be aboard, have been given up by William R. Graham and Mrs. Edna Christofferson.

Several thousand feet above the city of Chicago a youth killed himself in an aeroplane recently, because his dreams of becoming an aviator had come to naught. He shot himself to death.

In the first case of its kind ever brought in district courts, Angus D. Graham paid \$5.25 in county court at London, Ontario, because he is said to have forgotten to put a stamp on a cheque.

## New Earl Of Egmont

Has Inherited All His Father's Troubles In Connection With Estate

The new Lord Egmont is a pitiable figure. He made friends with no one but his father, and now there can be hardly any lonelier boy in the world than this 18-year-old earl. He avoids all society, and has a terror of publicity.

He will have all his father's troubles and more, for death duties must again be paid on the Egmont estates. His father was staggered to find the estates reduced in apparent value from \$2,500,000 to \$1,500,000, due to death duties and settlements on two dowager countesses.

Father and son shot rabbits and pheasants on the castle estate and sold them to neighboring villages to help meet expenses. The boy, who never had a mother's influence, had practically no education or experience of the world, and who has been embittered by the cruel disappointments encountered since reaching England, is left to cope with the problems of a large though impoverished estate.

## Disastrous Economy

Demand For Products Closes When Advertising Is Stopped

The most advertised manufacturers are the ones most asked for. Stores which advertise the most are the most frequented and prosperous. Their prices are no higher than at the other stores. Often they are lower for the precise reason that their advertisements bring them a bigger clientele and, as their sales are therefore far more, they are in a position to be content with a smaller profit on each sale. It was never so important to make sure that we do not become discouraged, and to go ahead with our business and keep money in circulation. How can we expect to succeed if we cut down on our advertisements which create the demand for the products of industry and commerce? This would be a false economy, an economy which would be disastrous.—Le Drou, Ottawa.

## WHERE TO SPEND AN ENJOYABLE VACATION



Canada-In-View

ONCE the annual vacation has become a definite part of modern life, the decision as to where it will be spent is of considerable importance. Canada has a particular appeal to the vacationist, for it has an unusual variety of attractions, which may be enjoyed at reasonable cost.

For most people, the summer vacation is limited to a few weeks and is really shortened by the time used in travelling to and from the locality selected. Canada has an extensive system

of good roads and excellent railway services, which greatly facilitate travel between provinces.

Canada presents a striking diversity of natural features—the rugged and picturesque Atlantic Coast; the St. Lawrence River and Great Lakes; the world's greatest inland waterway; the Laurentian Mountains, land of forest and stream; the prairies; the majestic Rockies; and the beautiful Pacific Coast. Each of these areas has its own attractions of scenic beauty and opportunities for enjoyable recreation. Fishing, hunting, camping, canoeing, and mountain-climbing may all be enjoyed under ideal conditions, while golf and tennis may be played practically everywhere. Accommodation includes everything from camp site to luxurious hotel. Those to whom economy is a matter of concern may spend a pleasant vacation close to nature, at surprisingly small cost.

The National Development Bureau, Department of the Interior, at Ottawa, has prepared a series of automobile road maps, showing the main routes from one province to another, also a number of interesting booklets, including "Vacations in Canada," which describe the tourist attractions of each province. These will be sent to any of our readers planning a vacation. Applicants should state the areas in which they are interested.



Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Fajron

435

VOGUE

OF COURSE DAUGHTER WILL HAVE A GUMPE DRESS—BECAUSE ELDER SISTER AND MOTHER HAVE TAKEN UP THIS

This darling dress calls for the minimum of material, and as far as the making—well, you can see for yourself, it's child's play!

The dress with deep armholes and deep square neck, has an attached yoked skirt. A French blue and white balise print with deep blue bindings was used to fashion it. The separate gumpe, for instance a white swiss dotted in blue would be lovely. Then again, it would be entirely different and very unusual with the gumpe made of white balise striped in the deeper blue.

Style No. 435 is designed for sizes 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 10 requires 1½ yards of 36-inch material for dress with 1½ yards of 36-inch material for blouse and 2½ yards of binding.

Fabric of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred.) Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns  
Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union,  
275 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

Much of the damage to wool, fur, and feathers for which clothes moths are blamed is really done by carpet beetles.

Elephants have been known to live 200 years.

W. N. U. 1944

## Repair Vessels At Esquimaux

Summer Overhaul Of C.P.R. Pacific Steamers To Be Made In Canada

Summer overhaul of the Canadian Pacific Railway's Express liners which ply out of Vancouver, will be done at Esquimaux instead of at Hongkong in future, it is announced by Capt. E. Alkman, general superintendent of Canadian Pacific Steamships, Ltd.

The general overhaul, which takes place every winter, will still be done in the Orient.

The decision, which will bring additional employment for British Columbia workmen, has been reached by agreement with the Dominion Government.

The government has made concessions regarding dock dues and the Canadian Pacific Railway has undertaken to pay the additional costs of labor, which is nearly five times as expensive as that in the Orient.

The new policy will become effective with S.S. Empress of Russia which will go into drydock on July 15. She will be followed in turn by S.S. Empress of Japan, S.S. Empress of Asia and S.S. Empress of Canada.

A "full view" mask, in which the wearer can see or all sides, has been developed in Germany. The new mask is made of a transparent material which takes the place of rubber and fabric in the old mask.

Bird houses may seem attractive if painted red and other gay colors but the birds are more apt to come to live in houses that have a rustic or weathered look.

The city of Bahia, in Brazil, has a 240 foot elevator tower which carries pedestrians from the streets by the bay up to the streets on the hill.

## Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

## GOLD COOKIES

2 cups special cake flour, sifted.  
1 teaspoon baking powder.  
½ cup butter or other shortening.  
1 cup sugar.  
4 egg yolks, unbeaten.

Sift flour once, measure, add baking powder, and sift again. Cream butter, add sugar gradually, and cream together until light and fluffy. Add egg yolks, one at a time, beating thoroughly after each addition. Add flour, Chill. Roll into balls ¼ inch in diameter. Roll some balls in mixture of chopped nuts and cinnamon, and remaining ones in tiny colored candies. Bake in moderate oven (350 degrees Fahrenheit) 15 minutes, using lower grate during first half of baking period and upper grate during last half. Makes 3½ to 4 dozen cookies.

## COCONUT SOUFFLE

2 tablespoons butter, melted.  
3 tablespoons sugar.  
4 tablespoons flour.  
½ cup milk.  
3 egg yolks, well beaten.  
4 egg whites, stiffly beaten.  
1 can coconut, southern style, chopped.  
Dash of salt.  
1 teaspoon vanilla.

Blend butter and flour, add sugar and milk, and cook in double boiler until thick and smooth, stirring constantly. Cook slightly and add egg yolks. Fold into egg whites, then fold in coconut, salt, and vanilla. Turn into greased casserole, place in pan of hot water, and bake in moderate oven (375 degrees Fahrenheit) 50 minutes, or until firm. Serve with lemon sauce. Serves 8.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JUNE 5

## JOSEPH THE WORKER

Golden Text: "Bless thou a man diligent in his business: he shall stand before kings."—Proverbs 22:29.  
Lesson: Genesis 39 to 41.  
Devotional Reading: Luke 19:11-23.

## Explanations and Comments

Joseph's Work During the Years of Plenty, verses 16-49.—"What a position for a man to attain at thirty years of age! Sold as a slave when seventeen, grand vizier of Egypt when thirty! God took thirteen years to make this man; and this man was the benefactor, and, under God, the saviour of the nation."

Joseph was Pharaoh's vizier. What that position meant Professor Breasted explains: "The supreme position occupied by Pharaoh meant a very active participation in the affairs of the government. He was accustomed every morning to meet the vizier, to consult with him on all the interests of the country and the current business which necessarily came under his eye. He was the master of the vizier, through the local officials, collected all taxes; was, however, under the authority of the vizier, to whom he made a report every morning. In the administration of justice the vizier was supreme. He was the motive power behind the organization. In his office we discern the complete centralization of all local government in all its functions."

No grass grew under the feet of Joseph during the seven years of plenty as he went throughout all the land of Egypt travelling from city to city, personally overseeing the conservation of grain. Royal granaries had to be built and stored with one-fifth of the harvest, so marvelously plentiful that they were "as the sands of the sea." In the beginning all grain was carefully registered, but at length Joseph had to "leave off numbering," for his scribes could not keep up with the work.

"Take no thought for the morrow," Jesus counseled, but he meant take no anxious thought, have such trust in God's help that you will not be over-anxious about what the morrow may bring forth. Anxious, worry about the future, is unchristian; prudent preparation for the possible, probable, or inevitable is Christian. "Fore-sorrow is very foolish, but fore-thought is very wise."

There must have been more than one case similar to the story told by Mr. Cedric Hardwicke in his recently published autobiography, of the two British soldiers who, detailed to look after a rifle range at Iwona in 1914, remained there forgotten until the end of the war, when they reported themselves and claimed five years' back pay, states Candide in the Sunday Pictorial, who himself came across one man in a similar position at Innsbruck, the chief town of the Austrian Tyrol, three years after the war had ended. Dining in a hotel there, he was surprised to see at a nearby table a British captain in uniform. They got into conversation, and he said that he had been sent there in 1918 and was convinced he had been forgotten by the War Office. "Why don't you get in touch with London?" asked the writer. "This is his answer. 'This is a cheap place in which to live.'"

## Forgotten Soldiers

War Office Evidently Over-looked Some Detailed For Special Duty

Canada's Newest Metal

Latest Addition To Many Refined Products Is Selenium

Selenium is the latest addition to the numerous refined metal products now being produced in Canada. It is obtained as a by-product in copper refining and was produced for the first time in Canada early in 1931 at Copper Cliff, Ontario.

Canada is now in a position to produce selenium in large quantities but the market for any output is at present restricted, according to Mr. Arthur Buisson, of the Dominion Department of Mines, Ottawa. Further researches to develop new uses will undoubtedly create a wider market for this relatively new commercial product.

Selenium is not very abundant in nature, although fairly widely distributed. It is found associated with sulphur compounds and often accompanies the sulphides of heavy metals in the form of selenides. In the electrolytic refining of copper it remains in the slime or residue from which it is afterwards extracted. In its metallic form it is characterized by a unique action toward light, which has made possible the development of the photo-electric cell or "electric eye."

Selenium finds its present chief market in the glass industry where it is used as a colorizer and for neutralizing other colors; it is also used in the pottery industry for the same purpose. In the manufacture of rubber products it serves as a vulcanizing and accelerating agent, and because of its reputed properties of increasing the resistance to abrasion of rubber up to as much as eighty per cent, it may have a large potential market in that industry. One of the most important potential uses is in the production of selenium cells for television transmission and reception.

## A Hundred Point Man

Is True To Every Trust And Safe Person To Deal With

"A Hundred Point Man" is one who is true to every trust; who keeps his word; who is loyal to friends and to those who employ him; who does not listen for innuendo nor look for slights; who carries a civil tongue in his head; who is polite to strangers, and is never "fresh"; who is considerate towards employees; moderate in eating and drinking; who is always willing to learn; who is cautious and yet courageous.

Hundred-point men are safe men to deal with, whether they be chauffeurs, motok men, clerks, cashiers, engineers, teachers or presidents of this and that.

The nations are now shouting for economy, but they are still armed to the teeth.

## Civil Service Act

Private Secretaries Of Cabinet Ministers Will Be Absorbed Into Service

Private secretaries to cabinet ministers who lose their positions when there is a change of government will continue to be absorbed in the civil service provided they have served three years with a minister. The Civil Service act as at present worded enables a secretary to obtain a position in the service in a class not lower than chief clerk any time after he has served one year.

The question of absorbing private secretaries into the service has caused much protest and a great deal of discussion in Ottawa; defenders of the merit system have contended that it is unfair for private secretaries who have never passed a competitive examination to be placed over the heads of old employees in the departments thereby preventing them from being promoted.

When the question was considered by the civil service committee of the House, it was decided to recommend that the practice of absorbing private secretaries into the service without an examination be discontinued. When this recommendation came before the House of Commons in committee it raised a storm of protest. It came up when the bill to implement the recommendations of the committee was before the House.

Members on both sides of the chamber seemed agreed on the principle that a cabinet minister was entitled to a secretary of his own choice in view of the confidential relations that must develop between them. For this reason there must be many dismissals of private secretaries and the ground taken by those members supporting the secretary was that it would be unfair to put them out of jobs entirely when a government changed.

## In Plain Language

Congressman Jack Garner, speaker of the House, whose pet aversion is to pussyfooting, once conducted an investigation in which he expressed doubts of the truth of one witness' testimony. Later a reporter not at the hearing, interviewing Garner, asked the writer, "Why should I've questioned the veracity of this witness?"

"No," said Garner.

"Did you express doubt of his truthfulness?" the reporter continued.

"I should say not."

"Did you tell him you suspected him of falsifying?"

"By no means. Say, boy, what you trying to get at anyway? I did call the fellow a damn liar, if that's what you mean."

Scientists have discovered that gasoline can be manufactured from cotton.

We owe the introduction of sugar cane into Europe to the Arabs.

"James, have you a pocket knife?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then carve two hearts crossed by an arrow on this tree."—Wahre Jakob, Berlin.

"Miss Emma, you can't think how I long to have a happy home."

"But I thought you were married."

"Yes, that is the reason."—Nagelschlag, Berlin.

"The nations are now shouting for economy, but they are still armed to the teeth."

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## PARLIAMENT AT OTTAWA HAS ENDED SESSION

Ottawa, Ont.—A vice-regal salute of 19 guns boomed out on Parliament Hill when the third session of Canada's 17th parliament came to an end. Without the furs and feathers of an opening, Chief Justice R. A. Anglin of the Supreme Court of Canada, in the absence of Lord Bessborough, the Governor-General, read the speech from the throne which liberated members and senators from their official duties and closed the legislative mill. Galleries were crowded.

Officers of the army and navy, regiments in blues, crimson and gold braid, emphasized the deep red walls of the senate chamber. Prime Minister R. B. Bennett, Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, government leader in the Upper House, and Chief Justice Anglin added an old-world touch in their gold-embossed Windsor uniforms. Members of the commons in sombre black, gathered at the bar of the senate in orderly disorder.

In low tones, the chief justice read the throne speech, first in English, then in French. It expressed the belief the Imperial Economic Conference would develop a power "which will bring enduring harmony out of economic chaos," and herald a new dawn for a stricken world. Its language from beginning to end was couched in optimistic phrases.

The commons convened a few minutes before the time set for prorogation to listen to a statement by Hon. Charles H. Cahan, secretary of state, on war reparations.

Three loud knocks on the door heralded the approach of the gentleman usher of the black rod, official intermediary between the two houses of parliament. The state secretary was in the middle of a sentence but the deputy of the king could not be kept waiting. Mr. Cahan closed off his statement, black rod was admitted—a carefully guarded prerogative—and the commons "consented" to appear in the senate chamber.

Ceremonies in the Upper House were brief. After reading the throne speech, the chief justice and his escort of officers trooped from the chamber. The guns boomed. The travelling detachment from the Princess Louise Dragoon Guards escorted the chief justices toward the city. Members and senators bid each other adieu and dashed for taxi-cabs and trains. The session was over.

### The Real Reason

Amelia Earhart Wanted To Demonstrate Capability Of Women Pilots.

London, England.—The real reason Mrs. Amelia Earhart-Putnam flew the Atlantic alone was to stop all those nasty things men say about women airplane pilots and women automobile drivers.

She herself revealed this while enjoying the utmost an enthusiastic reception accorded by London to her as the first woman ever to make a solo flight across the Atlantic.

"When there is a traffic jam on Fifth Avenue, men always comment, 'Oh, it's a woman driving,'" Mrs. Putnam said.

And I have gone up in the air with a mechanic who didn't know the controls from an altimeter, and when I came down I heard people say he did most of the flying.

"So I determined to show them. Outside of demonstrating that a woman can fly the Atlantic alone, I don't see that I have added anything to the science of aviation or anything else."

### Returning To England

Lord and Lady Byng Sailed, May 26, From Montreal.

Montreal, Que.—After a leisurely journey in quest of health, Lord Byng of Vimy, former governor-general of Canada, sailed May 26 on the S.S. Montclair for England. He was accompanied by Lady Byng.

Lord and Lady Byng crossed Canada in easy stages from the Pacific Coast, on the last leg of a trip which took them to the West Indies, and then through the Panama Canal on an ocean voyage. They visited the principal cities of Canada.

New Planet Discovered. Heidelberg, Germany.—The Heidelberg observatory announces the discovery of a new planet, which it tentatively named "Nineteen Thirty-Two," and which can attain a proximity of seven million kilometers to the earth. (This is approximately 4,800,000 miles).

W. N. U. 1944

## Fight In Prussian Diet

Political Passions Break Loose and Rough House Ensues

Berlin, Germany.—Smouldering political passions in the new Prussian diet broke out in hand-to-hand fighting between National Socialists and Communists with a violence unprecedented in the parliamentary history of Germany.

The legislative hall was wrecked and at least half a dozen members, including neutrals, were injured. Deputy Jurgensen, a leader of the Social Democrats, who took no part in the fray, was carried unconscious to a hospital with one side of his face ripped open.

With fists, inkwells, chair legs and water bottles, the legislators fought their battle to the bitter end without police interference. General Karl Litzmann, senior member of Adolf Hitler's National Socialist party, having declined the services of the police several days ago.

The trouble started after Hans Kerl, a National Socialist, had been elected president of the diet and Ernst Litzmann, a Social Democrat, had been elected first vice-president.

Wilhelm Pieck, a Communist deputy, rose to a point of order and at the top of his voice shouted there were murderers on the Nazi benches.

The Nazis jumped up and made a dash for the Communist benches, where they outnumbered 162 to 57. Tops were broken off desks, drawers were pulled out and upolstering was ripped. Piles of books, carb inkwells and fragments of furniture blocked the entrances from the lobby after the air cleared over the Communist sector, where most of the damage was done.

Members were forced out of the hall during the battle, at the conclusion of which numerous deputies on each side were lying on the floor, bleeding profusely.

Three Communist deputies, Kraemer, Kuntz, and Ansholke, were seriously hurt.

### West More Hopeful

Facing Present Summer With Greater Optimism

Winnipeg, Man.—"Farmers of western Canada are facing the present summer with cheerfulness and optimism with moisture conditions more favorable than for several years." This was the observation of Grant Hall, senior vice-president of the Canadian Pacific Railway who returned from an inspection tour of the prairies.

"Practically ideal conditions prevail in the northern parts of Alberta and Saskatchewan," Mr. Hall stated. "Present indications are that the drought areas are growing grain in government over last year. Grain has shown good germination and even growth in all three prairie provinces."

"This year's crop probably is the cheapest since the war," Mr. Hall declared. "The government realized that he must cut his expenses to the bone to make profits. He has replaced much of his expensive machinery with horses and has worked harder himself."

"The western farmer has the right spirit," Mr. Hall thought. "He is no foot soldier, and he takes nothing for granted. However, he has the willingness to recover quickly from hard knocks and the determination to keep his hand to the plow. He may be broke, but he's the backbone of the country."

### Next Session Of Parliament

No Decision Has Yet Been Reached In Respect To Date, Says Premier

Ottawa, Ont.—No decision has yet been reached in respect to calling a fall session of parliament, Premier R. B. Bennett stated in the House of Commons in answer to a question by Rt. Hon. Mackenzie King, Opposition leader. Until the Imperial Economic Conference takes place, it was difficult to reach a decision, he said. He would endeavour to announce the opening date of the next session as long as possible before parliament would meet, in order to give members ample notice.

Ocean Rates Increased Montreal, Que.—New rates for all trans-Atlantic liners are now effective. The third class rates are increased 10 per cent. and the tourist by five per cent. An exception is made in the case of third class travel in the westward direction, this price remaining practically unchanged.

Longish Search Ended New York.—Capt. Fritz Joubert Duquenne, former Boer rebel, was charged by British authorities for the sinking of a British ship by explosion off the Brazil coast during the war, has been re-arrested. He escaped in 1919. The charge against him is murder.

## Duty Has Been Raised

New Tariff Affects Strawberries and Tomatoes From Outside Empire

Ottawa, Ont.—In two important tariff bulletins, the duty on tomatoes when entered from the United States or other countries outside the Empire, shall be three cents a pound above the invoice price in Canadian funds.

As the dumping duty is imposed on the difference between the invoice price and the fixed value for duty purposes, the effect will be that the dumping duty will be three cents a pound regardless of the invoice price. In regard to strawberries it will be two cents a pound.

The new regulations stay in effect in the case of tomatoes until October 31, and in the case of strawberries until July 31. The regular rate for tomatoes from June 1 to Oct. 31 under the general tariff is 2 cents a pound as a minimum and the rate on strawberries from June 1 to July 31 not less than three cents a pound. The dumping duty will be in addition to these rates.

## Thousands Greet Airliner

DO-X Reaches Germany Safely After Trans-Atlantic Journey

Berlin, Germany.—The German flying boat, "DO-X," largest heavier-than-air craft, completed its trans-Atlantic travels with a mad sprint through storm areas over northern Germany, alighting at Mueggel Lake, on the outskirts of Berlin, without incident.

Thousands gathered along the wooded lake shores in the southeastern environs of Berlin cheered wildly when the airliner appeared against the evening sky to complete a voyage of approximately 16,000 miles, in which it visited both South and North America, as well as Africa.

The huge seaplane described a circle around the lake and alighted as easily as a feather, while roars of greeting came from surrounding motor craft of all descriptions.

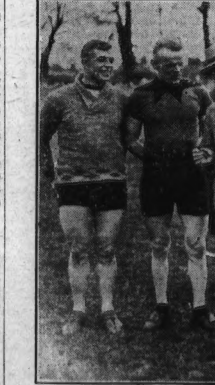
## FARM MARKETING PROBLEMS TO BE INVESTIGATED

Ottawa, Ont.—Agricultural marketing problems will be investigated by a federal commission, this announcement was made in the House of Commons by Hon. Robert Weir, a few minutes before the collapse of an attack led by the only woman in the House, Miss Agnes MacPhail, against the agrarian record of the government.

In one of the smallest divisions of the session, the House turned down, 47 to 17, a non-confidence motion against the government, which criticized it for lack of an active farm policy, and enumerated several proposed remedies, including currency inflation.

Two of the major questions to be considered by the commission will be price spreads and the creation of an export marketing board, said the agricultural minister. In view of the approaching Imperial Economic Conference, the government felt the necessity of approaching other Empire countries before setting up a marketing board with its attendant bounting system.

### DOMINION'S SECRETARY ATTENDS OLYMPIC TRIALS



The Right Hon. J. H. Thomas, Secretary of State for the Dominions, seems to have picked the winners at the National Cyclists' Union Olympic trials at Herne Hill. Standing beside him are the members of the Derby team whose constituency (left to right): J. Torry, P. H. Wyle and P. Wyle. All are considered possible representatives for England in the Olympic Games at Los Angeles this summer.

## WANTED—A THRONE!



Known as the most persistent kingdom hunter on record, Abbas Hilmi Pasha, former Khedive of Egypt, has indicated from his exile near Paris, France, that he is willing to take on any job in the kinging line. He is 58 years old and held his last job until Great Britain deposed him in 1914. He is negotiating to become ruler of Syria when the French Government releases its mandate.

## Woman Aviator Honored

Mrs. Putnam Receives Congratulations From British Royalty

Washington.—The U.S. senate passed a bill to authorize President Hoover to award the distinguished flying cross to Amelia Earhart Putnam, for her trans-Atlantic solo flight.

London, England.—The king and queen sent a message of congratulations to Mrs. Amelia Earhart Putnam on her trans-Atlantic flight from Harbor Grace, Nfld., to Ireland.

Miss Earhart said the real reason she crossed the Atlantic alone was to "show the men" women could do things as well as they.

## B.C. Vegetables

Export Sales To The Prairies Will Be Doubled This Year

Victoria, B.C.—British Columbia sales of vegetables to the prairies will be doubled this year, it was anticipated in advice at the Department of Agriculture here.

At Armstrong, four packing houses have installed the most modern machinery for packing and washing their vegetables for prairie shipment. All cars will be government-inspected, and an all-round general improvement in production, packing and shipping facilities as well as sales organization is noted.

## Radio Commission

Chairman To Receive Salary Of \$10,000 Per Year

Ottawa, Ont.—The chairman of the Canadian radio broadcasting commission will receive a salary of \$10,000 per year, and the two commissioners \$8,000 each, according to the provisions of the act respecting radio broadcasting which passed final stages in the House of Commons. The bill, based on the report of a special committee on radio, provides the machinery for the nationalization of radio broadcasting in Canada which will be operated under a system of public ownership.

## Trade Restrictions

All Countries Should Unite In Resistance To Undue Isolation

Vancouver, B.C.—People of all countries should unite in resistance to undue isolation and the restriction of international trade, James A. Farrell, former president of United States Steel Corporation and now a member of its directors, said in an address to the Vancouver Board of Trade. He has just returned from the Orient.

By restating further national movements tending toward isolation, "Trade will not be jeopardized and the standard of living which we have learned to enjoy will not diminish," he said.

"Canada and the United States must look across the Pacific," he declared.

"Across, around and through this area there flow already vast currents of international trade, to the Antipodes, the Orient and the Indies. Progress in the means of transportation and communication has lessened the time and distance between the people of this area; at the same time it has fostered and expanded their acquaintance with one another. Each has gained in the knowledge of the products of each other and consumer demand has resulted."

"This demand is now temporarily suspended by causes beyond the power of the producer and consumer—causes in the main, political. Commerce is not so much suffering from over-production as it is from under-consumption."

"With world trade free of unnecessary restrictions, these potential markets are open to the industrial nations of the world, and the possible rise in living standards and the resulting power of consumption is sufficient to blot out the present anomaly of one-half of the world suffering from surpluses of goods while the other half is subject to extreme deprivation. This is indeed a heavy price to pay for nationalistic desire for self-containment."

"It is apt to be forgotten," he continued, "when viewing the current cessation of trade, that the Pacific area is perhaps the most rapidly developing market in the world. Even during the decline of the past two years the interchange of goods between the countries bordering on the Pacific has continued to increase in volume, even though declining in value. All other trade areas have declined in both volume and value."

## To Aid Agriculture

Preference For Western Agricultural Products Is Necessary

Calgary, Alberta.—Necessity for preference being given western agricultural products through channels to be decided at the forthcoming Imperial Economic Conference at Ottawa in July, was emphasized in a memorandum issued by the Calgary Board of Trade. The memorandum was prepared by the board at the request of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce and will be presented to the chamber executive and Premier J. Brownlee of Alberta.

Through all discussions at the conference, the Calgary board suggested, the welfare of Canadian agriculture should be the foremost thought. As exports to be considered, the memorandum suggested wheat and other grains, livestock and similar farm products.

## NO SEVERANCE WITH THE EMPIRE SAYS DE VALERA

Dublin, Irish Free State.—President Eamon de Valera told the Irish Free State senate the object of his government's bill abolishing the parliamentary oath of allegiance to the British Crown was no severance of this country from the British Commonwealth of Nations.

Mr. de Valera, pleading that the senate give the bill consideration on its merits, declared its purpose was to prevent the Anglo-Irish treaty of 1921 from being a fundamental domestic law, and to put it in its proper place as an international instrument.

From a vehement beginning in which he told the Upper House only a threat of war with Great Britain induced the Free State people to accept terms of the treaty, the president got down to an earnest and detailed exposition when the bill was intended to bring about.

Not a seat in the senate was vacant as he began to defend the measure which has already been subject to verbal attacks by senators whose political attitudes are more conservative than those of the Republican administration.

## BRACKEN TAKES THREE LIBERALS INTO CABINET

Winnipeg, Man.—Three Liberals are to be taken into his government's pre-election cabinet, Premier John Bracken announced. The new ministers will be E. A. McPherson, J. S. McDermid and Dr. Murdoch Mackay.

Mr. McPherson, former member of parliament for Portage la Prairie, will enter the Liberal-Progressive cabinet as provincial treasurer, taking over this position from Premier Bracken. Former member of parliament for Winnipeg South Centre, Mr. McDermid will become minister of natural resources and industry, and Dr. Mackay, leader of the Liberal Party in Manitoba, will be minister without portfolio.

In making room for the three Liberals, Premier Bracken shuffled his cabinet without releasing a single minister. Hon. Albert Prefontaine retains an minister of agriculture but remains in the government as minister without portfolio and Hon. D. G. McKenzie, minister of mines and natural resources, is transferred from that department to the one vacated by Mr. Prefontaine.

Announcement of the cabinet reorganization was made following Mr. Bracken's key-note election speech here. In his address he stoutly defended the record of his government, under assault when Lieut.-Col. F. G. Taylor, Conservative Leader, opened his campaign.

The "economy platform" of the Conservatives, the premier said, would cost Manitoba more than it was paying at present under Liberal-Progressive rule.

"Half the planks promise greater expenditures," he said of the Conservative platform. "Where the money for all those proposals will be found is a secret known only to those spend-more and tax-less experts in the Conservative Party."

## Taken From Parents

One Hundred and Forty-One Doukhobor Children To Be Placed In Homes

Nelson, B.C.—One hundred and forty-one Doukhobor children of all ages were sent to the coast to be placed in various homes in Vancouver and Victoria while their parents are serving three-year prison terms for participating in nude demonstrations at Thrusdale, B.C., last year. One hundred and six were taken from the jail here, and en route 35 more were picked up at Boundary Falls. These latter are children of the Doukhobors who demonstrated in the nude at Grand Forks a few weeks ago.

Wards of the government, the children appeared in a happy mood when they left here in two special coaches attached to the westbound train. There was a demonstration at the jail an hour before they left, when they were taken from their parents, but no trouble. Early in the day the fathers and mothers were informed that their children would be removed, and many tears were shed, farewells said, the parents feeling keenly the departure of their youngsters.

## To Visit British Columbia

Party Of British Business Men Will Study Conditions At Coast

Vancouver, B.C.—Interest in the resources and opportunities of British Columbia is responsible for a large and diversified party of British business and professional men which sailed from Liverpool recently on the "Duchess of Bedford." The tour is under the direction of W. A. McAdam, secretary of the London office of the British Columbia Government. It is a government experiment to make the province better known, and members of the group are coming from all parts of the British Isles with one from South Africa.

## Will Be Candidate

Former Premier Lang To Seek Re-election In New South Wales

Sydney, New South Wales.—Undeterred by his dismissal from office about two weeks ago by executive authority of Governor-General Sir Philip Game, former Premier J. T. Lang will seek re-election to the New South Wales House of Assembly in the general elections which take place June 11.

Along with 301 other candidates, Mr. Lang was nominated for one of the legislature's 87 seats.

Mr. Lang is a member of the constituency of Auburn, which he has represented in the House for 12 years.

## Seems Like Strange Plan

Many Men In Public Offices Have No Training For Work

We have read in a number of papers that we are over-governed; the contention is that there are too many people working at it, and with that idea we are inclined to agree.

And yet there is something more amazing than that: How little schooling or preparation there is for those who undertake to do the governing.

Look at this way: A young man decides that he will become a printer, and to that end he is apprenticed to his trade. There he spends a term of five years learning the business. There are many things he must know before he is considered competent, and not until he has finished his time and passed his examinations is he considered competent to hold a position. We pursue the same plan in a good many other lines of business. There must be that period of training and it is necessary.

We have nothing like that in the way of preparing men for public life. A man may be a farmer, an editor, a lawyer, a merchant or a manufacturer, and he is asked to become a candidate for the House of Commons or the Legislature. He does so and is elected.

Then it is that he is face to face with the problem of taxation, of the scientific application of tariffs, of passing opinions on trade treaties with other lands. There has been very little in his former experience which fits him to act as an expert in such matters. He has never served his apprenticeship. He really cannot tell how to apply taxation without being confronted with the law of diminishing returns; in a general way he understands tariffs, but he is probably just a high-tariff or a low-tariff man according to the policy of his party. He may bend himself industriously to a study of all these affairs, and yet there is always the possibility that at the next election he will go out and not return. His place may be taken by another, also an untrained man in the serious business of government. And yet our whole system of government is based on using untrained men, and the wonder is that we get along as well as we do.—Stratford Beacon-Herald.

## German Method Modern

Railroads Have Quick Way Of Fumigating Coaches

The Germans, always seeking a new and better way of doing a task, have adopted a modern method of killing germs in railway coaches. In other days the interiors of coaches were scrubbed with soap and water and ammonia, and then fumigated for a long period with sulphur gas or some other similar germ killing vapor. But now the German railroads do the job more scientifically and in much less time. At several places along their main lines, the German officials have had installed airtight chambers into which cars can be switched. When the coaches are inside, the openings are sealed and poison gas admitted to the chambers. The gas kills all germs, and the cars are switched out and turned over to the scrummen who complete the job of renovating. The whole process requires only a few minutes.

## Had Wonderful Time

A woman arriving at a tea the other day from her club meeting was being queried about what took place. "Well," she said, "there was record attendance, but I don't know how many were there. There was a lovely programme, but I can't remember the name of the singer or what she sang. And somebody spoke about the government, but you know, you hear these speeches and you're thrilled at the moment but they leave you."

"But you had a good time."

"Oh, lovely."

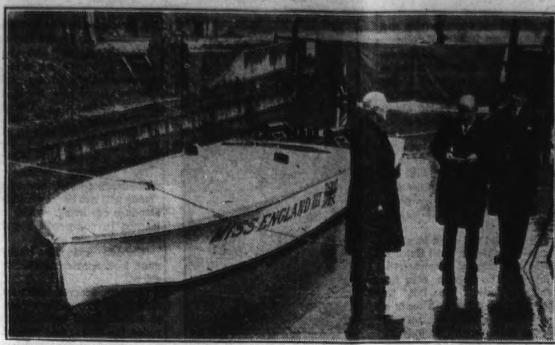
The Canadian Bureau of Statistics estimates the gross agricultural wealth of Canada for 1931 at \$6,758,695,000.



"These Louis XV. shoes are rather light, show me some Louis XVI!" — Il Travaso, Rome.

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## LORD WAKEFIELD ACCEPTS DELIVERY OF MISS ENGLAND III.



The new wonder speedboat, Miss England III, is shown during the ceremony of being delivered to her owner, Lord Wakefield, at Hampton-on-Thames. Kaye Don, the famous British speedboat driver, will attempt to break the existing world's record of 111 miles an hour sometime this month. Lord Wakefield can be seen reading a short address during the ceremony while Kaye Don (with hat on) listens.

## Re-Charging a Gas Field

Turner Valley Surplus Gas Forced Back Under Own Pressure To Bow Island Field

The interesting experiment of re-charging an exhausted natural gas field is being carried out in Southern Alberta. For years the City of Calgary and other centres of population were supplied with natural gas from a field at Bow Island, Alberta. This field was exhausted but in the meantime a field of higher pressure in the Turner Valley came into production. This field is producing more natural gas than can be used and, to conserve it, a certain amount is being forced back under its own pressure into the Bow Island area. The extent to which the Bow Island field is being re-charged amounts to about 5,000,000 cubic feet per day.

Wet gas is found in the Turner Valley under very heavy pressures at depths of 3,500 to 5,000 feet. The gasoline content is extracted from the gas and the remainder, after supplying the City of Calgary and other points has, in the past, been burned to prevent pollution of the air. This has become burning day and night gave to Turner Valley the title "The World's Greatest Torch." Among the conservation plans now being carried out is the recharging of the Bow Island field, where the gas can be kept in storage for an indefinite period and drawn upon again if and when required.

## Pays Big Dividends

Poultry Has Played Large Part In National Life Of Canada

F. C. Elford, Canadian Poultry Husbandman, and an outstanding leader in poultry development in Canada, on a recent occasion observed that few people realize what a big part the hen has played in the national life of Canada. "There are many prominent Canadian business men today who would not be where they are if it had not been for the hens on the farm at home," he stated. "The poultry provided the money for shoes and sties and pencils, and were in fact responsible for keeping them at school. I myself do not know of any other business today which pays better dividends than poultry raising, and I believe the prospects are still encouraging."

## A School For Divers

Course Lasts a Year and Instruction Is Thorough

Italy has, at Spezia, the biggest school for divers in the world. The divers' course lasts a year, and students have to undergo a test of two hours' work at a depth of 125 feet under water, wearing 165 lb. diving suits before they are passed out. While diving apparatus has been perfected during the last century, rudimentary forms of it were used as long as the time of Alexander the Great. An Englishman, Roger Bacon, is believed to have invented the original diving-bell about the middle of the thirteenth century. Divers have many perils to face, and instruction is given at the Italian diving-school in the difficult art of fighting sharks and other sea monsters.

## New Way To Sell Potatoes

A recent market report from Toronto states that the Alliston Branch of the Central Ontario Potato Growers' Marketing Association has sold a quantity of Canada fancy potatoes in 15-lb bags which retail at 18 cents each in Toronto. This is at the rate of 45 cents net on the basis of the standard 90-lb. bag or considerably above prices obtainable in ordinary containers.—Economic Analyst.

## Four Centuries Of Experience

Have Been More Valuable To England Than Wealth

England may not have the wealth. She has only two dollars of wealth for each dollar of debt as against Canada's six dollars of wealth for each dollar of debt, and United States' fifteen dollars of wealth for each dollar of debt. But she has behind her something that none of the rest of the world has and that is 400 years of experience and world leadership.

For centuries the best brains of England have gone into government, just as the best brains in North America have gone into business. Somewhere between the two extremes probably lies the best middle course.

But England is pulling through. She is facing the music, making her sacrifices and coming out on top. The whole world wishes her well.—Vancouver Sun.

## Eat Our Weight In Meat

Average Person Consumes Own Weight In Food Each Month

Canadians consumed 148.46 lbs. of meat per person during 1931, a comparison to 145.64 lbs. per person in 1930. Increases in the consumption of pork, mutton and lamb were shown with a decrease in the consumption of beef. Consumption of poultry per person in Canada during 1931 was 11.04 lbs., an increase over the per capita consumption for the years 1928, 1929 and 1930. These figures show rather conclusively the general contention of experts that the normal healthy individual eats his own weight in food each month, and on this basis it would appear that most supplies about one-twelfth of the necessary food for the human diet.—Department of Agriculture.

## Made It Plain

Jones was recently sent by his employer, a wholesale merchant, to collect an account from Smith, a retailer, notorious for his slowness in making payments.

After several vain attempts to obtain a settlement, Jones remarked, well, at least let me know on what date I may expect payment."

Smith replied: "Do you take me for a prophet?"

"No," responded Jones. "Up to the present my face has always regarded you as a loss."

Switzerland imported \$1,608,561 worth of office appliances last year.

## Employment Figures Show Slight Increase

According To Report Compiled For Labor and Commerce Department

A gradual diminution of unemployment is indicated by figures compiled for the Department of Trade and Commerce, Hon. H. H. Stevens stated to the House of Commons. Figures given before the political economic convention at Toronto, indicating that the number of unemployed in Canada is over 700,000, appear to be "very wide of the mark," the minister added.

Figures of industrial employment, compiled from returns of some 5,000 firms in Canada, indicated a gradual, though not very marked, increase. In December, 1931, the figure was 414,824, while in April of this year it had risen to 424,630. The index figure of employment also showed an advance.

The unemployment figures of the census, said Mr. Stevens, showed employment in towns and cities over 5,000 at 286,374. This was taken in June, 1931.

## Favor Canadian Cattle

British Importers Would Take Many Thousands From West

According to William R. Brown, of William Brown, Ltd., of Manchester and Birkenhead, the largest importer of Canadian cattle in the British Isles, his firm can take many thousands of Western cattle of the quality seen in the Leithridge and Raymond district, during his visit through these regions: "Of 23,000 head of beef cattle imported last year," said Mr. Brown, "our firm bought over 14,000 head. We have been handling Canadian cattle for generations. We like them and would like to get more like those we have just seen." The British imports of these cattle might be quadrupled, he thought, if the proper rules are observed. Young stuff—800 pounds live weight are now chiefly in demand, as contrasted with the 1,500 and 1,600 pound animals of former years. Most of the cattle shipped from Canada so far this season have been on order from this company.

Taxpayers of Great Torrington, England, are being exhorted by the town clerk to pay up so that the borough may meet a debt due to the country.

A German chemist has succeeded in making a transparent aluminum.

## The Mighty Apostrophe

Placing Of It Makes Vast Difference In Meaning Of Word

There seems to be lack of uniformity as to whether the second Sunday in May is "Mother's Day" or "Mother's Day." Advertising matter had it both ways, and newspapers do not seem to agree on the point. It doesn't matter much anyway.

The rightful places of commas, full stops and apostrophes sometimes have tremendous results, and there was a time when the good people of the Free Kirk of Scotland were almost in a tumult over the use of an apostrophe.

It was shortly after the objecting element of the Free Church of Scotland, better known as the "Wee Frees," having refused to join with the United Presbyterian Church of Scotland to form the United Free Church, took legal steps to obtain possession of the entire property of the original Free Church. The Scottish Court of Session decided against them, but they appealed to the House of Lords, which reversed the judgment. But when they came to transcribe their notes they were faced with the problem of whether the speaker meant it was "the Lord's doing," or "the Lords' doing." Did he mean the Lord, or the House of Lords?

Most of them agreed among themselves to make it "the Lord's doing" and the address went out to the world that way. A rumour developed when members on the other side read into it that the speaker practically claimed that the Lord was on the side of the "Wee Frees," against the Free Church and had dealt it a crippling blow. The speaker did not explain matters, so the probability was that he did mean it was the Lord's work.

However, a year or two later the property was more equitably divided by a special Act of Parliament. That, anyway, was partly the Lord's doing.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

## Exceeded Her Allowance

Restaurant Keeper Profited By Accepting Vacuum Cleaner

For Meals

The wife of a retired naval commander dined for a week at a London restaurant, and paid her bills with a vacuum cleaner.

Her husband and she recently decided to leave London and live in a cottage in the country where there is no electricity. Their electric vacuum cleaner consequently was useless.

The manager of the restaurant where she is a patron listened to the story.

"Madame can dine here throughout the week in exchange for the cleaner," he said.

She dined night after night at the restaurant, and then an embarrassing discovery was made. The wife found that her bill had at last exceeded the value of the cleaner.

The balance was paid in cash.

Alberta Sets New Butter Record. Final figures of butter production in Alberta for 1931 amount to 22,957,922 pounds, which is more than 600,000 pounds above the previous highest year's record for the province. Closely associated with butter production is a movement inaugurated by the Federal and Provincial Departments of Agriculture to encourage farmers to enlarge their forage crops areas. Between 500 and 400 farmers in various parts of the province will this year participate in a movement to grow special plots of forage crops from selected seed with the object of increasing the amount of forage crop seed available in the province.

Suitor: "May I marry your daughter?"

Stern Father: "What is your vocation?"

Suitor: "I'm an actor."

Stern Father (angrily): "Then get out before the foot lights."

The Red Cross band of Luton, England, has been directed by the British war office to change its name because, under the Geneva convention, the words "Red Cross" are restricted to army medical services.

The world's largest radio tube, made of iron and steel instead of glass, has been built for a radio station in laboratories at Manchester, England.

"How is your husband?"

"I don't know; I haven't seen him for five years. The last time I saw him I must have said something to annoy him."—Die Muskele, Vienna.

## Great Bear Lake Pitchblende

Nationalization Of Radium Ores Is Advocated In Commons

Nationalization of radium ores in the Great Bear Lake district was advocated in the House of Commons recently. Members of the Progressive group pointed to the area as containing enough pitchblende to supply radium to the entire world and break the existing Belgian monopoly. The government is fully aware of the value of the deposits to suffering humanity, said Hon. T. G. Murphy, Minister of the Interior. But, he added, "as to what method will be adopted to secure for Canada the benefit which is justly her due, I am not in a position to say. This matter is actively engaging the attention of the government and we are prepared to take all necessary steps to make radium available to the (cancer) sufferers of Canada at the lowest possible prices."

The pitchblende deposits are in the hands of private individuals, proceeded the minister, and the extent and value of the district has not been determined. It must be remembered, he proceeded, that prospectors had discovered the deposits, and under the laws of Canada they acquired certain rights. "Those rights," he added, "must be respected."

In introducing the question, H. N. Campbell (Pro. MacKenzie), quoted the Ontario cancer commission as reporting the radium supply of Canada to be totally inadequate. World prices for radium are about \$70,000 a gram but it had been estimated the Canadian field could be worked at a profit at \$4,000 a gram.

Canada owes it as a sacred duty not only to our own people but to suffering humanity throughout the world to prevent these valuable resources falling into private hands," said Mr. Campbell, "or at all events to see that if they do fall into private hands, they be properly controlled by the government."

William Irvine, United Farmer member for Westsaskatoon, remarked that a few pounds of radium would pay off Canada's national debt.

## Danger In Grain Dust

Mixed With Right Proportion Of Oxygen Becomes Highly Explosive

Grain dust alone is perfectly harmless, but when it is mixed with the right proportion of oxygen the mixture becomes highly explosive. This may kind of external heat reaching the explosive point of the dust-oxygen mixture creates rapid combustion, which, in a confined space, is an explosion. The heat to create the explosion may be caused by static electricity developed from friction, by defective wiring, by a broken light bulb, or by the light of a match or a cigarette. When a mixture of grain dust and oxygen explodes there is no wall or roof that can stand against the terrific blast. Huge concrete blocks are hurled many yards by the force of the explosion.

## Munitions Depot Isolated

Unusual Location Chosen By U.S. For Greater Safety

Hundreds of miles from any ocean is located the newest United States naval munitions depot. It is in the centre of 211 square miles of Government land at Hawthorne, Nev. Just to the north of the naval storehouse is Walker Lake. The unusual location of the depot, far from the fleets which it serves, is due largely to the factor of safety. Here in the desert, explosions would do only local harm. At a seaport they would mean a catastrophe.

Traveller—"What's the use of you leaving time tables if your trains don't run on it?"

Porter—"Now you're all excited. How could you tell they were running late if you didn't have a time table?"

When the worms turn they mean either a chicken or a shaman.



"These Louis XV. shoes are rather light, show me some Louis XVI!" — Il Travaso, Rome.

W. N. U. 1944

## FANCIFUL FABLES



W. N. U. 1944

## Keep Well with Eno's Help

If you are healthy, take ENO... When you are not well, take ENO, for in most cases the beginning of all ailments is in the intestinal tract. ENO'S "Fruit Salt" rids the intestinal tract of all the accumulated poisonous waste matter. Be ENO conscious. Start taking ENO'S "Fruit Salt" to-day.

# ENO'S FRUIT SALT

## THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

— BY —  
MARGARET FIEDLER

A Novel  
"The Splendid Folly," "The Hermit  
Of The Bush," "The House of  
Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

### CHAPTER XXII.

#### "Willing Or Unwilling"

It was over a bare twenty yards from the brow of the hill the man had won, and now the mare was standing away between the shafts, shaking in every limb, her flanks heaving and the sweat streaming off her sodden coat in little rivulets.

Burke was beside her, patting her down and talking to her in a little intimate fashion such as though he were soothing a frightened child.

"You're all in, aren't you, old thing?" he murmured sympathetically. Then he glanced up at Jean, who was still sitting in the cart, feeling rather as though the end of the world had occurred and, in some surprising fashion, left her still cumbering the earth.

"She's pretty well run herself out," he remarked. "We shan't have any more trouble going home"—smiling briefly.

"I hope not," answered Jean a trifle flatly.

"You all right?" She nodded.

"Yes, thank you. You must be an excellent whip," she added. "I thought the mare would never stop."

Probably even Jean hardly realized the fitness of the horseman's remark of which she had just been a witness—the judgment and coolness Burke had evinced in letting the mare speed the first freshness of her strength before he essayed to check her mad pace; the dexterity with which he had somehow contrived to keep her straight; and finally, the consummate skill with which, that last half-mile, he had played her mouth, rejecting the dead pull on the reins—the insensitive error of the mediocre driver—which so quickly numbs sensation and neutralizes every effort to bring a runaway to a standstill.

"Yes, I rather thought our number was up," agreed Burke absently. He was passing his hands feelingly over the mare to see if she were all right, and suddenly, with a sharp exclamation, he lifted one of her feet from the ground and examined it.

"Cast a shoe and turn her foot rather badly," he announced. "I'm afraid we shall have to stop at the next village and get her shod. It's not a mile further on. You and I can have tea at the inn while she's at the blacksmith's."

With a final caress of the steaming chestnut neck, he came back to the side of the cart, reins in hand.

"Can you drive her with a torn foot?" queried Jean.

"Oh, yes. We'll have to go carefully down this hill, though. There are such a confounded lot of loose stones about."

He climbed into the dog-cart and very soon they had reached the village, where the chestnut, tired and subdued, was turned over to the blacksmith's ministrations while Burke and Jean made their way to the inn.

Tea was brought to them upstairs in a quaint, old-fashioned parlour

Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



**Had had dizzy spells**  
Afraid to leave house... feared awful dizziness would make her feel over. She needs Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in tablet form.

W. N. U. 1944

When at last he released her, she leant helplessly against the woodwork of the window, panting and shaken. Her face was white as a magnolia petal and her eyes dark-rimmed with purple shadow.

A faint expression of compunction crossed Burke's face.

"I suppose—I shall never be forgiven now," he muttered roughly.

With an effort Jean forced her tongue to answer him.

"No," she said in a voice out of which every particle of feeling seemed to have departed. "You will never be forgiven."

A look of devilry came into his eyes. He crossed the room and, locking the door, dropped the key into his pocket.

"I think," he remarked coolly, "in that case, I'd better keep you a prisoner here till you have promised to marry me. It's you I want. Your forgiveness can come after. I'll see to that."

The result of his action was unexpected. Jean turned to the window, unthought of, and flung open the casement.

"If you don't unlock that door at once, Geoffrey," she said quickly, "I shall leave the room—this way!"

With a gesture that sufficiently explained her meaning.

Her voice was very steady. Burke looked at her curiously.

"Do you mean—your jump out?" he asked, openly incredulous.

Her eyes answered him. They were feverishly bright, with an almost fanatical light in them, and suddenly Burke realized that she was at the end of her tether, that the emotional stress of the last quarter of an hour had taken its toll of her high-strung temperament and that she might even do what she had threatened. He had no conception of the motive behind the threat, but the imperative determination which had leaped to life within her to endure or suffer anything rather than stay locked in this room with Burke, rather than give Burke, the man who held her heart between his two hands, ground for misunderstanding or mistrusting her anew.

(To Be Continued.)

## Little Helps For This Week

"And let us not be weary in well doing; for in due season we shall reap if we wait not."—Galatians vi. 9.

A commonplace life we say, and we sigh.

But why should we sigh as we say? The commonplace sun in the commonplace place sky.

Make up the commonplace day: The moon and the stars are commonplace things.

And the flower that blooms, and the bird that sings; But dark were the world and sad our lot, If the flowers failed and the sun shone not.

And God, who studies each separate soul, Out of commonplace lives makes His beautiful whole.

—Susan Coolidge.

The course of life is a thousand trifles, then some crisis, and again a thousand trifles and a crisis; nothing but green leaves under common sun and shadow; and then a storm or a rare June day. And far more than the storm or the perfect day the common sun and common shadow do make the autumn rich. It is the "every day" that counts. They must be made to tell, or the years have failed.

—William Channing Gannett.

## Produced Hot Ice

Water Becomes Solid At 180 Degrees In Harvard Experiment

Ice hot enough to burn one severely has been produced by Professor P. W. Bridgman of Harvard University, according to the Industrial Bulletin of Arthur D. Little, Inc., for April.

High pressures are used to produce hot ice. Ice which melts at 4 degrees below zero is obtained at 30,000 pounds pressure and at 300,000 pounds pressure water remains solid at 180 degrees Fahrenheit.

Professor Bridgman's method of producing high pressures is described by him as "simple."

"Take a large, thick block of steel, bore a hole in it, and put a plug into the hole," he says. "Then put into the top of the hole a plug which will not leak, and push on the plug."

A limit of the high pressure obtainable is set by two things; the leaking of the plug and the yielding of the steel container."

In a few cases pressures up to 600,000 pounds have been reached. The danger of the process is seen by the fact that it has been found necessary to set some pieces of apparatus behind the boiler plate to protect the operators, for such extreme pressures are ten to twenty times those in long-range guns.

No girl should marry a man until they've tried to pick out a wall-paper together.

**Why Gamble With Your HEALTH**  
Investigate Electro-Magnetism  
Write For Free Booklet  
"THE WHY AND HOW OF HEALTH."  
RADIO TALK: C.N.W. 12.15 Noon  
**THERONOID** of Winnipeg  
606 McArthur Bldg. Winnipeg, Man.  
Dist. V.W.

## A Suds Motor

Futuristic Automobile Engine Gives Increased Power

Detroit has the first suds motor—a futuristic automobile engine.

Using soap suds to cool its pistons and water in its exhaust valves, this engine develops a big increase in power—one-third more than gasoline alone.

The suds and water are not fuel but super-coolers. They demonstrate the profit in super-cooling certain extra hot spots in the present type engine.

This motor is set up in a research laboratory under direction of Earl Bartholomew. It is a "one lunger" possessing only a single cylinder; three and one-quarter inches by five. It is also high compression. So high that compression alone can ignite the gasoline unless the suds and water are turned on. Cooling the exhaust valve alone increases power eight per cent.

The valve is hollow, permitting water to flow through its interior.

## THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Aline Michells

### SONG OF REST

After the day, the twilight,  
Shadows that swiftly throng,  
After the tempest, the calmness;  
Silence after the song.

After the hours of toiling,  
Conquering stubborn earth,  
Rest with the well-beloved,  
Music and food and mirth.

After the frantic pulses  
Hastening with desire,  
Peace for a little season,  
After fierce passion's fire.

After the long swim, breasting  
Force of the tide that raves,  
Floating at ease, and drifting  
— buoyed by the singing waves.

After the empty laughter,  
After vain pain is through,  
Safe in a tranquil harbor,  
Sea-wind and stars—and you!

## Monte Carlo Feels Depression

Profits Of Famous Gambling Place Have Fallen Off

For the first time in history, the Casino at Monte Carlo has passed its annual dividend, and to bolster its shrunken profits it has installed slot machines to lure small coins from the small fry as well as the big. Last year its profits were only about \$1,500,000.

The famous gambling palace is just another business caught in the depression. For 65 years it has catered to spendthrifts with money to spend. Today its clients are mostly potential spendthrifts only.

**Ferri-Balm** is irresistibly appealing to all women who appreciate charm and elegance. Its use keeps the complexion always clear and beautiful. Tonic in effect. Stimulates the skin and makes it wonderfully soft-textured. Softens and whitens the hands. Ferri-Balm is equally invaluable to men as an excellent hair-dressing and cooling-shaving lotion. Splendid also to protect the tender skin of the child.

## The Tired Soul

"You remember when you cured my rheumatism a couple of years ago," asked the patient, "and you told me that I should avoid dampness?"

"Yes, that's right," replied the doctor, approvingly.

"Well, I've come to ask you if I can take a bath."

"Her husband was a judge, wasn't he?"

"Everybody thought so till he married her."

The more one observes great men in time of stress, the more one wonders what made them great.

**for SPRAINS**  
Rub Minard's in sprain. It penetrates more ligaments, soothes inflammation, soothes, soothes.

Puts you on your feet!

**MINARD'S**  
"KING OF PAIN"

**MINIMENT**

## Contract Bridge

By Hamilton B. Hatch, Cleveland Club  
Toronto  
(Article No. 1.)

The greatest asset any contract bridge player can possess is the ability to play partnership. The basis of success in playing is good partnership. The first thing, therefore, for the contract player to learn is partnership methods. The essence of partnership is, primarily, partnership language, and the basis of language is conventions. In other words, it is necessary for partnership purposes that certain precise meanings be given to the language used in the contracting. These meanings are known as conventions and the difference in these conventions is the basis of the difference in all the so-called contract systems now being put before the contract player. It must be understood that any system is an attempt to make more or less the methods of the good card player has used for many years, and that the fundamental differences in all these systems are slight.

Besides conventions a good partner must make it a habit to study, whenever the opportunity arises, the temperament, morale, and technique of his partner. By temperament is meant the way a partner reacts. Does he lose his poise when the breaks are against him and does this loss of poise affect his game, or does he remain calm and collected in the face of adversity? If your partner never loses his poise then half the battle of partnership is won. By morale is meant how your partner's courage is affected by adversity and what effect does adversity have on your partner's intellectual processes? If your partner has had breaks does he underbid or overbid? Or is he not affected apparently in any way. If your partner thinks that every time he holds an Ace Queen, that the King is over him, that everytime he holds a King Queen, that the Ace Queen is over him, then this may affect him to such an extent that he will consistently underbid. A good partner, under these circumstances, when playing with a partner who is suffering from the complex just stated above will offset these conditions by overbidding his own hand.

By technique is meant your partner's actual ability in the play of the cards. Does he or does he not get all the tricks possible? If he consistently drops a trick in the play of the hand, then a good partner when playing with a poor technician will underbid his hands, when the poor technician is the contractor. If on the other hand, your partner is a good technician bid your cards to their value limit.

A good player must always adapt himself to his partner. And adaptability is one of the strongest assets of any player. If you have an unbalanced partner, you must try to lift him up by his bootstraps to your level. You must sing to his. No partnership is better than his weakest member and to have successful partnership, the partners must meet on the same intellectual plane.

Further be pleasant and affable. Do not "rag" your partner. Keep the entire cordial established. Never, if possible, lose your poise. And if your partner has a set system of playing the game, then for the particular partnership, play the game your partner plays and do not try to cram down his throat any of your own pet idiosyncrasies.

If, then, you will realize that the theme song of contract bridge is partnership and more partnership, and that winning depends on partnership as outlined above, you will be well on the road to success, and even if your own technique is weak, you will be seventy-five per cent. good player provided you play good partnership.

## Keeping Within Range

Speakers broadcasting over the British Broadcasting Co. system in the future will be "tied" to the microphone. A small ribbon will be run from the speaker's coat-tail to the microphone, so regardless of how much he gesticulates or walks up and down the platform, the listeners will be assured perfect reception.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment relieves toothache and neuralgia. Invaluable in cases of cramp, sore throat and injury. Keep a bottle handy.

**Water-Power Sites In Canada**  
The developed and undeveloped water-power of the Dominion of Canada are estimated to have a capacity of 20,347,000 horse-power under conditions of ordinary minimum flow, or 33,617,000 horse-power ordinarily dependable at least six months of the year.

Hotbeds heated by electricity are rapidly gaining favor in British Columbia.

In 74 instances out of 100 the country's largest city is also the capital.

## "YES, I AM 40 YEARS OLD!" says Irene Rich



"YES, I am 40 years old. I don't mind confessing it a bit," says Irene Rich, "and I have two grown daughters of whom I am very proud. A screen star never worries about birthdays, you know."

But, in Hollywood, they guard complexion beauty above all else. They know it says youth quicker than anything else.

How does this lovely star guard complexion beauty? Just as so many other Hollywood actresses do—686 of the 694 important ones! "I have used Lux Toilet Soap regularly for years," she says, "and am very grateful for it."

Surely you will want to try this fragrant, white soap for the complexion of a dollar-a-ounce French soap for 10c.



IRENE RICH and her two daughters (left to right), Frances, twenty-one years old, and Jean, twenty years old, are actually 40 (above). One of Miss Rich's recent photographs.

## One Of Canada's Largest Lakes

Great Bear Lake, the fourth largest on the North American Continent, has an area, according to the best information available, of 11,683 square miles. The Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, has recently issued a map on the scale of eight miles to an inch including the whole lake.

A black bear cub at birth is a tiny thing, usually tipping the scales at less than a pound.

## No more dusting for me!



at least not with old-fashioned dust cloths. I've found a better way.

Thousands of Canadian women know that her "better way" is the Appliford Wonder Paper. Made from clean rags and soft paper pulp scientifically treated with high-grade furniture polish, it dusts—as it cleans—as it polishes.

Wonder Paper is changing the old-established order of house-cleaning. One neat package of it appeals more to women than yards of old rags that spread dust and constantly need washing to be sanitary.

You get twenty-five sheets of Wonder Paper for a quarter. Simply crumple a sheet into a soft ball, go over the furniture, woodwork, and the floors. The results are a delight. In half the time and with half the effort, you get a necessary task done far more satisfactorily.

And when you're through, throw away the piece of Wonder Paper. No shaking out, or washing, or dusting. Certainly you ought to try Wonder Paper.

**Special Offer**  
WONDER PAPER is made by the makers of the famous FARA-SANI, the Heavy Waxed Paper in the Green Box. Most grocery, hardware and department stores have Appliford Wonder Paper in stock.

If you haven't, just send this coupon and we'll send you a sheet entitled "Leftovers," containing one hundred recipes, as a bonus.

Applied Paper Products, Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario.  
Enclosed find 5c for which please send me one package of The Wonder Paper and your 100 recipes for "Leftovers."

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
My dealer is \_\_\_\_\_

## SPORT GOSSIP

## SOFTBALL NOTES

East Community softball team won their first game of the season on Sunday afternoon when they defeated Onsil in a closely contested hard fought game. The score of 11-12 shows how evenly matched these teams are.

Lee Ahlman was on the mound and George Jones on the receiving end for East Community, while the Dipple brothers of John, Fred and George made up the battery for Onsil.

"Shorty" Jones was doing the umpiring and some of his decisions were criticized by both teams. It is admitted that Shorty has a lot to

learn about softball, but his decisions were as fair for one side as another.

East Community appear to be the only team that was anxious to form a league so the idea has been dropped.

The Onsil junior school softball team have defeated Elba and Tany-Bryn and are now ready to play any school team in the district.

Remember Hawkeye and East Community will play on Sunday next at East Community grounds.

## BASEBALL

Everett Bills had his baseball squad out to practise on Sunday and the old boys are like whiskey getting better with age.

"Lefty" Angus Robertson, Geo. McKay, and "Speedy" Glen Williams, will be ready for mound duty; the heavy hitting Stahl brothers will be back again; and that peerless of all second sackers Bob Smart who never had less and looked better than he does right now; "Skoop" Phil Weber, has signed a contract and will play an infield position; Ira Heywood is sure of an outfield position; "Punch" Bills is a playing-manager, and will play the outfield or infield; then there are a bunch of young fellows who will be given every encouragement to make the team.

The first game of the season will be played at Madden on Sunday, providing it quits raining and the roads are passable.

L. Havens is rounding up a good team at Madden, having signed the Stone boys and Carl Tronnes, Lloyd is working out a new pitcher who is supposed to have played in the Stove Pipe League last winter. These stars long with several new recruits should give Madden a good club.

Lake Parsons of Dog Pound is anxious to send his Dog Pounders against Crossfield, at any time and even went a little stronger, but this is another story and we will continue it next week.

## Church of the Ascension (ANGELICAN)

Sunday, June 5th, 9.00 a. m. Holy Communion 7.30 p. m. Evensong J. W. A. meets every Friday after school.

## United Church Services

Sunday, June 5th. Madden—Sunday School 11 a.m. Preaching Service—11.30 Inverlea—Sunday School—3 p.m. Preaching Service—3.30 Crossfield—Sunday School 2 p.m. Preaching Service 7.30 p.m.

There is an outbreak of measles in Calgary at present.

Several farmers east of town are now hauling in wheat.

The races at Chinook Park, Calgary, have been postponed until Saturday. Just now boat races would be more like it.

The grunt and groan shows which have been going on in Calgary for the past year are dyeing out and it is some satisfaction to be able to read the sport pages of the Herald without their usual line of guff about the world's coming champion, "Old" Jack Taylor. What a line of regitler.

Norman and Henry Johnson have moved into bachelors quarters over Pogue's pool hall.

## School Fair Donations

The following donations to the Crossfield and District School Fair have been received:

Municipal District of Rosebud.....\$25.00  
Crossfield Branch of the Canadian Legion.....3.00  
Crist Bros. Cafe, Calgary 2.00  
Morning Albertan, Calgary, 1 year's sub. to the Albertan, value.....8.00  
Club Cafe, Calgary.....2.00  
Calgary Brewing and Malting Co. Ltd. 5 cases, each containing 12 dozen Dry Ginger Ale Spitta.....10.00  
T. Eaton Co., merchandise to the value of.....4.00  
United Grain Growers.....10.00  
Henry Birks & Son, Jewelers, Calgary, 1 girls ring with birthstone, value.....5.00  
F. E. Osborne, Calgary, 1 football.....1.00  
Hudson Bay Co., merchandise to value.....4.00  
Atlas Lumber Co., cash.....3.00  
Adam Cruickshank.....10.00  
R. M. McCool.....6.00  
Dr. Whillans.....1.00  
C. C. Snowden, 5 gallon can Empress Auto Oil. Value.....8.00  
Wilson Stationery Co., 1 book, The Wreck of the Grosvenor by W. Russell.....1.00

## Big Prairie Notes

The editor accompanied R. M. McCool, M. L. A. on Saturday to the Big Prairie Country where two public meetings were being held. The afternoon meeting was held in Graham school, where over 60 of the residents were present. A Mattie acted as chairman and J. Miller, secretary.

A report of road work was given by the foreman Malcolm Eadie and after a general discussion Mr. Eadie was re-elected for the present year.

The evening meeting was held in Water Valley school where over 135 had gathered, taxing the school house to its capacity. Mr. R. D. McFarquhar was elected chairman and Mr. W. Fowler, sec. Mr. C. H. McFarquhar the road foreman for 1931, gave his report which was thoroughly discussed with many questions asked and satisfactorily answered.

After a very lively contest R. D. McFarquhar was elected road foreman for 1932 over his brother C. H. McFarquhar.

R. M. McCool addressed both meetings on the work of the last session, explaining very thoroughly much of the work that was done. The relief work that was carried on last year was dealt with at some length. Other matters included Tax Consolidation and arrears with proposals for working out arrears; homestead policy; gasoline and auto tax; school act; income tax; debt adjustment; the purchasing of Turner Valley gas and many other matters of importance to the district.

Several questions were asked which showed the interest taken in all the work.

Several old-timers were heard to say that they were the best meetings ever held in the district.

**Plenty of Moisture**  
The month of May this year has produced more moisture than any month of May for many years.

Of the yearly precipitation for the last sixteen years, over half has fallen already this year.

The precipitation this year is one inch more than at the same time of the year 1915, being at present 4.11 inches.

"How many children have you, Mandy?" asked the mistress of her new maid.

"Oh, I've got five children, please ma'am; two by my first husband, and one by the 'count Sam I've married to now, and two I just had by my self."

Have you ever noticed that the best collectors are as a rule the slowest payers.

## The Crossfield Chronicle

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Local advertising  
Monthly Contract—25c per inch.  
All advertisements charges of copy must be in hands of printers by noon on Tuesday or no change made or advertisements cancelled.

THURSDAY, JUNE 2nd, 1932.

## Local and General

Don't forget the East Community Dance on Friday night.

If you want to save money on tires and tubes see Bill Wood.

Miss Edith Seville entertained at two tables of bridge on Friday night.

Rev. H. Young and Rev. Forestor of Airdrie exchanged pulpits on Sunday last.

Mrs. J. Gonsouly of Carlsbad was a visitor in town over the week-end.

Rev. P. C. and Mrs. McCrea and children of Bassano are visiting at the home of the latter's parents Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Halliday.

Mr. Sutherland of Carstairs has taken up his duties as assistant secretary and assessor of the M. D. of Rosebud.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Urquhart of Elnora are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Urquhart. We are pleased to report that Gordie Urquhart is getting along fine.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies Aid of the Crossfield United Church will be held on Wednesday, June 8th, at the home of Mrs. Chas. Fox.

Keep in mind the CREMONA Sports Day on Wed., June 8th. Baseball and softball, races, horse-shoe tournament, etc. Dance at night.

Let Mr. Tredaway know of any special prize you would like to donate to the School Fair so that it can be printed in the prize list which is to be out shortly.

Rev. H. Young was in attendance at the Alberta Conference of United Church last week.

Rev. H. Clay who for some years was in charge of the Anglican Church here has resigned, from All Saints, Hanna, and intends leaving for England in July.

The Floral local will hold their regular monthly meeting on 8th, June at the home of Mrs. W. D. McCool. Roll call—Labor Saving Device.

The highway between Airdrie and Calgary is almost impassable at present owing to the new grade and continued heavy rains.

Crossfield Lodge I.O.O.F. conferred the initiatory degree last night (Wednesday) on Albert J. Hunter.

The roof on the Service Garage has been repaired and Bill claims that he can now give bone-dry service for the first time in many years.

C. G. I. T.

The regular meeting of the C. G. I. T. was held at the home of Frances Mobbs on Thursday, May 26. The hike planned for May 21 was again postponed, the weather being unsuitable for it at the present time.

This meeting being the last until the fall term, a short closing ceremony followed the business period. Frances Mobbs and Eva Jarman then served a very dainty lunch.

The delegates selected to attend the Provincial C. G. I. T. Camp at Sylvan Lake are Opal Blough and Jessie Young.

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## Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN

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MONEY TO LOAN PHONE 3

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## Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary Treasurer on the first Monday of each month commencing with February at the hour 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council,  
A2. W. McTernan, Sec.-Treas.

## Walter Major

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Mrs. N. J. Caley

## MARCELLING

Miss Alice Bentz of Olds, will be in Crossfield on Friday, June 3, to do Marcelling. Marcelling 50c, rest 25c. Make appointments with Mrs. M. J. Elliott.

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